















































### Introduction: About Me



- ☐ Who am I?
- ☐ What is my background?



- □ What is my storm water background?
- What is my dewatering experience?

### Introduction: About You



- ☐ Who are you?
- □ What is your storm water background?
- □ What dewatering management experience have you had?
- What do you want to learn from this class?

### Introduction: Course Administration



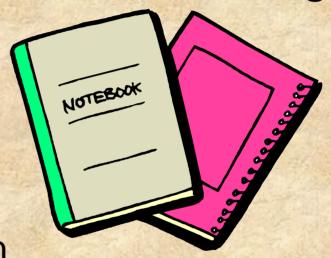
- ☐ Sign-in/Attendance Forms
- □ Breaks
- Restrooms
- □ Emergency Exits
- □ Classroom Etiquette



### Introduction: Course Materials



- □ Field Guide to Construction Site Dewatering
- □ Course Handouts
  - Flow Chart
  - District Map
  - PowerPoint Presentation
  - District RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary
  - Construction Storm Water Pollution Prevention Bulletins



# Introduction: Department's Goal



Achieve compliance with National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) requirements for construction site dewatering operations statewide.

### Introduction: Course Focus



- □ Reviews District-specific requirements
- □ Addresses field staff responsibilities:
  - Resident Engineers
  - Structures Representatives
  - Storm Water Inspectors
  - Inspectors
- Presents practical solutions to realworld challenges

# Introduction: Learning Outcomes



# After successful completion of the course, you should be able to:

- Determine if a dewatering operation is required
- Determine if a permit is required for a dewatering operation
- Understand the Contractor's roles and responsibilities
- Understand the Department's roles and responsibilities

### Introduction: Learning Outcomes (Cont.)



# After successful completion of the course, you should be able to:

- Understand the general process of dewatering under an RWQCB NPDES permit
- Understand the process for dewatering under the Caltrans permit
- Determine if the Contractor is in compliance with applicable permits
- Determine the appropriateness of various dewatering treatment technologies

### **Course Outline**

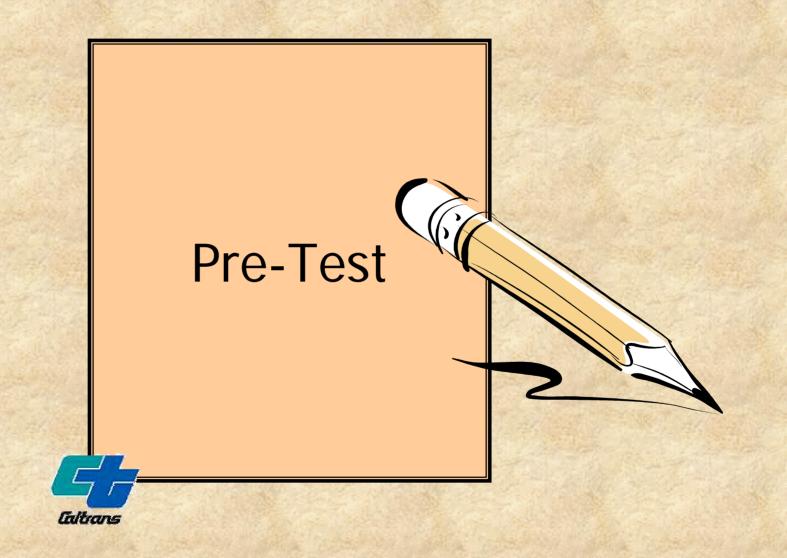


- ☐ Pre-Test
- Water Pollution Control Overview
- ☐ Introduction to Dewatering OperationsManagement
- □ Selecting Appropriate Dewatering Management Options
  - Dewatering Options not Requiring a Permit
  - Dewatering Under the Caltrans Statewide NPDES Permit
  - Dewatering Under a RWQCB Permit

### Course Outline (Cont.)



- □ Technologies for Treating Groundwater
- □ Post-Test
- ☐ Wrap-Up



# **Taking the Pre-Test**



- Evaluates your current level of knowledge
- Questions cover course topics
- ☐ Time limit: 15 minutes
- Requires some math
- □ Will take the same test at the end of the course to evaluate what you learned
- Will review answers at the end of the course

# Water Pollution Control Overview



# **Key Terms**



- □ Water Pollution Control
- ☐ EPA/SWRCB/RWQCB
- □ NPDES Permit
- ☐ SWMP
- □ SWPPP/WPCP
- □ BMP
- □ Storm Water/Non-Storm Water
- □ Water Body/Water of the State/Water of the U.S.
- Effluent vs. Receiving Water
- Pollutant
- Vector Control

### **Water Pollution Control**



- Practices that reduce or prevent pollutants from leaving a site and impacting water quality.
- Clean Water Act of 1972 (Federal law amended in 1987 for NPDES)
- □ Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act (California law enacted in 1970)

'No degradation of State Waters'



### EPA - SWRCB - RWQCB



#### ☐ EPA

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Role: Develop Clean Water Act regulations; nationwide enforcement

#### ☐ SWRCB

State Water Resources Control Board Role: Statewide enforcement of Clean Water Act and Porter-Cologne Act

#### ☐ RWQCB

Regional Water Quality Control Board Role: Regional Clean Water Act and Porter-Cologne enforcement



### **NPDES Permit**



□ NPDES

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

Clean Water Act permitting system for regulating discharges of storm water and non-storm water to waters of the U.S.



### **NPDES Permits**



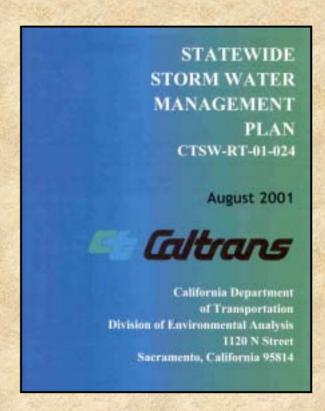
- Statewide Construction NPDES Permit (02 Permit)
  Issued by the SWRCB to regulate discharges from construction activity within the state.
- Caltrans Statewide NPDES Permit (03 Permit)
  Issued by the SWRCB to regulate discharges from all
  Caltrans operations and activities statewide. It
  incorporates the Statewide Construction NPDES Permit
  by reference.
- RWQCB NPDES Dewatering Permit

  Either a region-wide (general) or a site-specific permit issued by the RWQCB having jurisdiction.

### **SWMP**



- ☐ SWMP
  - Caltrans Statewide Storm Water Management Plan
  - Caltrans' plan for ensuring compliance with water pollution control regulations.
  - Reviewed by RWQCBs and SWRCB and approved by SWRCB



### SWPPP - WPCP



☐ SWPPP

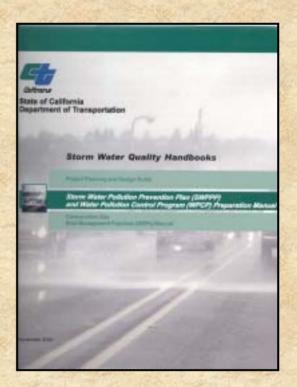
Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan Required for projects > 5 acres (> 1 acre beginning March 10, 2003)

□ WPCP

Water Pollution Control Program
For all projects smaller than SWPPP
projects

☐ SWPPPs and WPCPs

Construction contractor's plans to ensure project compliance with the Caltrans SWMP



### **BMP**



BMPBest Management Practice

SWPPPs and WPCPs identify BMPs to be implemented on projects for water pollution control.



☐ Caltrans Storm Water Quality Handbooks:
Construction Site BMPs Manual
November 2002 (Latest Revision)

### Storm Water/Non-Storm Water



■ Storm Water: Water that is on site that comes from rain or snow melt.

Non-storm Water: Water that is on site that comes from everything but rain or snow melt (vehicle washing, dust control, irrigation, water line flushing, groundwater, etc.).

# Water Body/Water of the State/Water of the U.S.



- Water Body (SWMP): Includes creeks, rivers, reservoirs, lakes, wetlands, lagoons, estuaries, bays, and the Pacific Ocean, and tributaries thereto.
- Water of the State (Porter-Cologne):
  "... any water, surface or underground, including saline waters, within the boundaries of the State..."
- Water of the U.S. (CWA): Territorial seas, coastal and inland lakes, rivers, streams, wetlands, and intermittent streams

### Effluent vs. Receiving Water





□ Receiving waters may include dry stream beds and dry lake beds.

## Sources of Dewatering Effluent



□ Storm Water: Accumulated precipitation

■ Non-storm Water:
 Groundwater, water from cofferdams, water diversions, water used for construction activities,



storm water mixed with other sources of non-storm water

### **Pollutant**



□ Sediment: Most common pollutant in construction site dewatering effluent

Sources: Clearing/grubbing

Earth moving

Run-on from neighbors

□ Other Pollutants: Defined by Federal and State laws

Sources: Construction materials

Existing site conditions

In groundwater



### **Vector Control**



### □ Vector:

Any insect, rodent or other animal of public health significance capable of harboring or transmitting causative agents of disease to humans.

### □ Dewatering Concern:

Mosquito breeding in construction-generated ponded waters.



### ☐ Caltrans Policy:

Basins shall be designed to drain within 72 hours following storm events (Caltrans Storm Water Quality Handbooks).

## **Team Competition #1: Water Pollution Control Overview**



## **Team Competition #1: Water Pollution Control Overview**

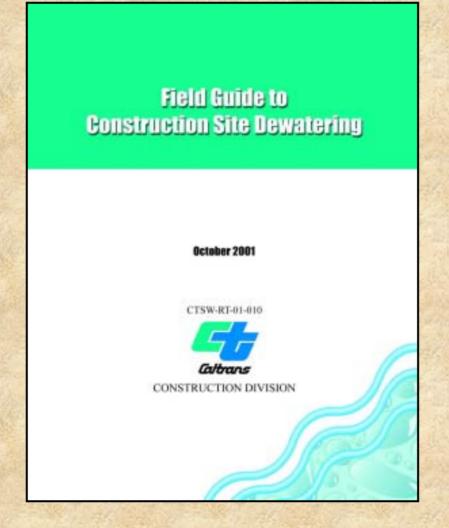


Introduction to Dewatering Operations Management



# Field Guide to Construction Site Dewatering





### **Field Guide Table of Contents**



- ☐ Section 1: Introduction
- ☐ Section 2: Selecting a Dewatering Management
  - Option
- ☐ Section 3: Dewatering Management Details
- □ Appendix A: RWQCB Maps, Contacts, Permit Summaries
- ☐ Appendix B: Sediment Treatment Options
- □ Appendix C: Water Quality Assessment/Discharge

Parameters Forms & Dewatering

- **Operations Monitoring Form**
- ☐ Appendix D: RWQCB General Permits

### What is a Dewatering Operation? (FG: Page 1)

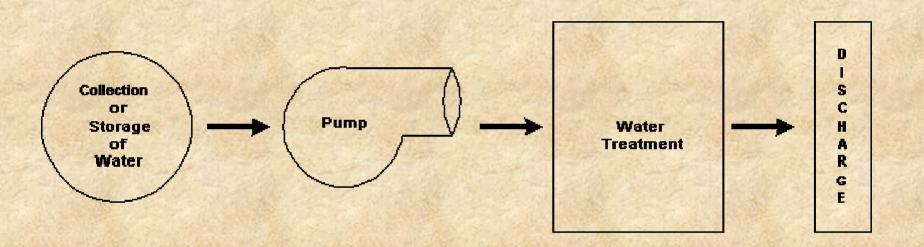


Practices that manage the discharge of pollutants when non-storm water or accumulated precipitation must be removed from a work location.



## General Dewatering and Discharge Process (FG: Page 1)





# Why are Dewatering Operations Regulated? (FG: Page 2)



□ Untreated water from construction dewatering operations may contain pollutants that can violate receiving water quality standards.



## Is a Dewatering Operation Required?



- Do you have water on the project...
  - ...that has been standing for 72 hours or more and needs to be removed for vector control?

 ...that needs to be removed by the Contractor for construction to proceed?

## Is an NPDES Permit Required?



- ☐ Is it storm water or non-storm water?
- Where is the effluent being discharged?
- Where is the project located?
- What is the daily volume of water and duration?
- Is the effluent polluted with sediment or other pollutants?

## Not Only NPDES to Consider...



- If discharging directly to, or working in, a stream, consider other permit and regulatory requirements:
  - 401 California RWQCB
  - 404 U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
  - 1601 California Fish and Game
  - U.S. Fish and Wildlife
  - Bureau of Land Management
  - Clean Water Act 303(d) issues
  - Other

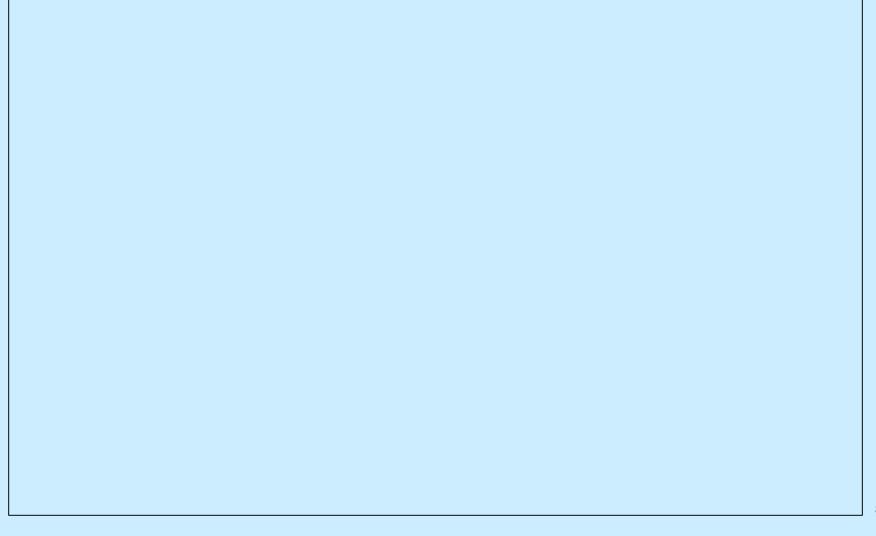
## Not Only NPDES to Consider...



- ☐ Caltrans Permit also requires compliance with local requirements, including:
  - Basin Plans
  - Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Permits
  - Other

## Team Competition #2: Intro to Dewatering Operations Mgmt.





## Team Competition #2: Intro to Dewatering Operations Mgmt.



Selecting an Appropriate Dewatering Management Option





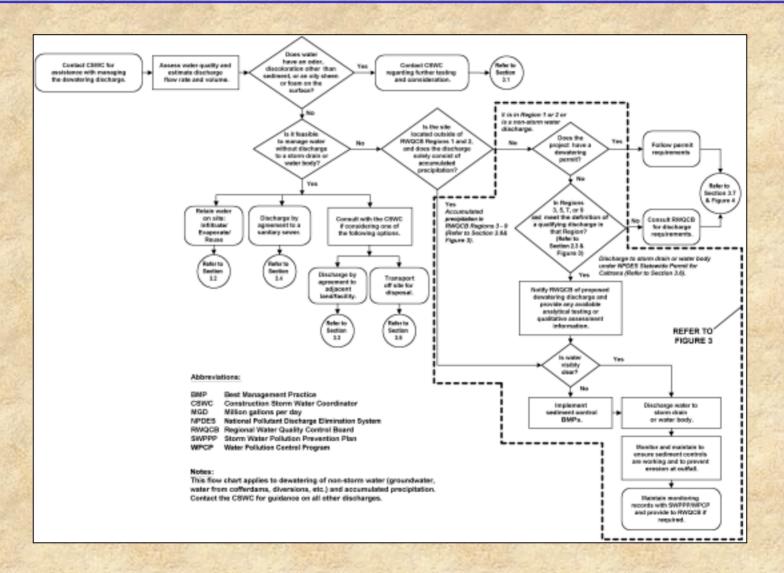
## **Types of Dewatering Operations**



- ☐ There are three types of dewatering operations:
  - Operations <u>NOT</u> regulated under an NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under the Caltrans
     Statewide NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under a local RWQCB NPDES Permit

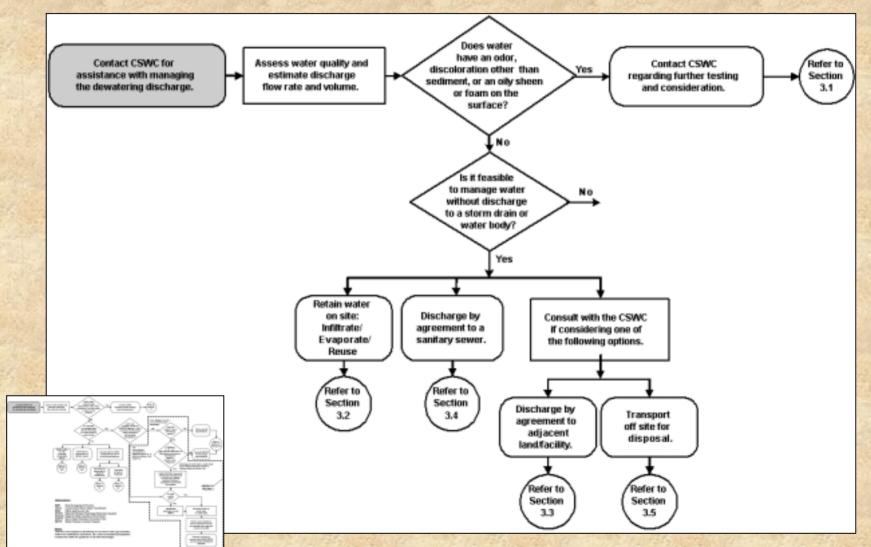
# Dewatering Operations Management Flow Chart (FG: Page 6)





## Contact Construction Storm Water Coordinator (CSWC)





## District CSWCs (Student Handouts)



#### DISTRICT CONSTRUCTION STORM WATER COORDINATOR (CSWC) CONTACT INFORMATION

#### District L

Districts 1 - 3 North Areas Clark Davis Clark Davisiedot.ca.gov F. O. Box 423 Hopeland, CA 95449 (707) 144-2090 Fax (707) 744-2093 Cell (707) 496-4350 (preferred)

#### District 2

**Ted Schultz** Ted Schultz@dot.cu.gov 1687 Riverside Drive P O Box 496073 Redding, CA 96049-6073 (530) 225-4640 Fax (530) 225-2078 Cell (530) 604-4840

#### District 3

District 3 - S/E Area Kirk Carrington Kirk Carrington@dot.ca.gov 10960 West Bover Street Suite 101 A Truckee, CA 96161 (530) 582-9129 Fax (530) 582-9106

#### District 4

Frank Gorham Frank Gorham@dot.ca.gov 1910 Olympic Blvd., #160 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 (510) 286-5185 Fax (510) 286-5171 Cell (510) 385-6758

#### District 5

Pete Riegelbuth Pete Riegelbuth@idot.ca.gov 4485 Vachelle Lune San Luis Obispo, CA 93401 (905) 549-3661 Fan (805) 549-3636 Cell (805) 441-6935

#### District 6

Dick Tuman Dick Tumans@dot.ca.gov Central Region Construction 317 Heinlen Street Fresno, CA 93245 (559) 924-5132 Cell (559) 281-4189

Sheri West Sheri Westjädet.ca.gov 1824 Norris Road Bakersfield, CA 93380 (661)395-2795 Fan. (661) 395-3854 Cell (661) 332-0963

#### District 7

James Burt James Burt@dot.ca.gov 120 South Street Room 233/Construction Division Los Angeles, CA 90012-3602 (213) 897-1960 Fax (213) 897-0073 Cell (213) 798-5981

#### District 8

Walt Griffith Walt Griffithis dot.ca.gov 1110-A Research Dr Redlands, CA 92174 (909) 232-6496 Fax (909) 799-1936 Cell (909) \$30-6953.

#### District 9

Richard Epler Richard Epler@dot.ca.gov P O Box 2048 Stockton, CA 95203 (209) 786-2932 Fax (209) 948-7215 Cell (209) 483-5565 Pager (209) 234-8557

#### District 10

Richard Epler Richard Eplerandet.ca.pov P C) Box 2058 Stockton, CA 95203 (209) 786-2932 Fax (209) 948-7215 Cell (209) 483-5565 Pager (209) 234-8557

#### District 11

Michael Kolbenschlag Michael L Kolbenschlag@dot.c 7177 Opportunity Road San Diego, CA 92111 (BS8) 46T-4080 Fux-(858) 467-4082

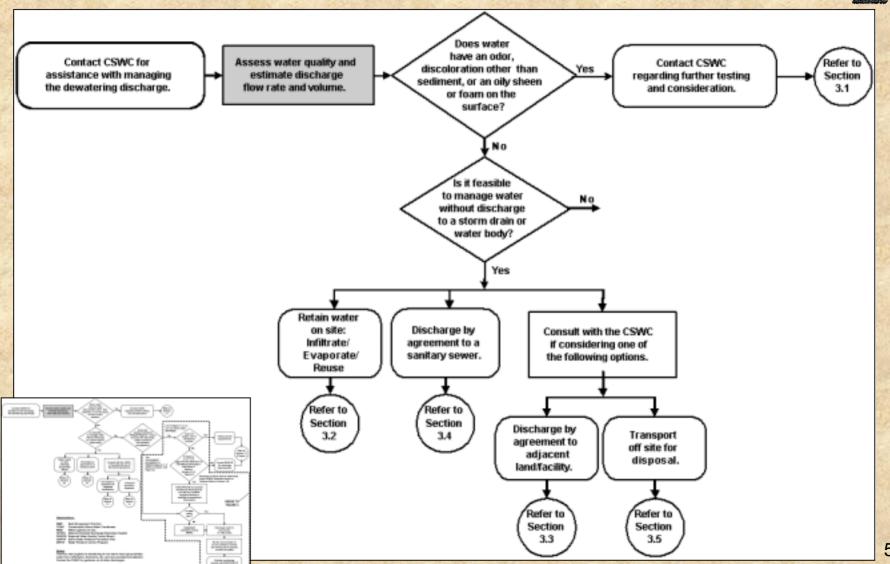
#### District 12

Mark Deconfian Mark Daroudian@dot.ca.gov 3347 Michelson Drive. Suize CN380 Irvine, CA 92612 (949) 724-2834 Fax-(949) 553-3579



## Assess Water Quality (FG: Page 7)





## Assess Water Quality (FG: Page 7 & App. C)



- Appendix C has form that can be reproduced.
- ☐ Complete one form for each unique location.

The followin dewatering o	g questions provide an initial assessment of the quality of the water to be discharged	ed from	the		
Common Sense Test	<ol> <li>Review the project records. Is there any reason to suspect that the water may be polluted by something other than sediment?</li> </ol>	No	Yes		
	2. Is the water located in an area of known contamination?	No	Yes		
Sight Test	Does the water have an abnormal visual feature, such as: (circle)  Oily Sheen Floating Foam Murky Appearance Unusual color	Other			
Smell Test	Does the water have an odor?  Possible odors include gasoline, petroleum, ammonia, sewage, etc.	No	Yes		
If you answe	red YES to any of the above questions, explain.  ered YES to any of the questions in the assessment or suspect that the water contained iments, contact the Construction Storm Water Coordinator (CSWC) for assistance				

☐ If answer is YES to any question, contact the CSWC.

## Team Competition #3: Water Quality Assessment



## **Estimate Discharge Parameters**

(FG: Page 8 & App. C)



- Appendix C has form that can be reproduced.
- ☐ Complete one form for each unique location.

Origin of Water	Is the discharge from (circle one):  Groundwater Cofferdam/Diversion Accumu	lated Precipitation	Other			
	Will the discharge be intermittent (associated with each rains continuous (dewatering one area for a long period)? (circle)	Intermittent Continuous				
Daily Flow Rate	Estimate the total quantity of water and proposed discharge rate for each daily discharge event (Q <sub>d</sub> , gallons per day). This can be estimated from the pump discharge rate and the expected daily total of hours the pump will be q <sub>d</sub> =					
Duration	What is the expected duration of the dewatering operation?	days				
Total Volume	What is the estimated total discharge for the life of the project.  To estimate the total discharge, multiply the daily flow rate (estimated duration.	= Gallons				
Comments:						

## "Rules of Thumb" for Estimating Discharge Parameters



☐ Estimate discharge rate based on pipe flow

Pump	Pump Flow Rate (gpm)	Estimated Discharge Rate (gpm)  Percent of Pipe Capacity Filled*				
Size						
(in.)		25%	50%	75%	100%**	
1.5	90 – 120	7	14	21	28	
2	90 – 300	12	24	37	49	
3	300 – 800	28	55	83	110	
4	400 – 1300	49	98	147	196	
6	400 - 1800	110	220	330	440	

<sup>\*</sup> Not under pressure

<sup>\*\*</sup> Flow meter required for accurate measurement gpm Gallons per minute

## "Rules of Thumb" for Estimating Discharge Parameters (Cont.)

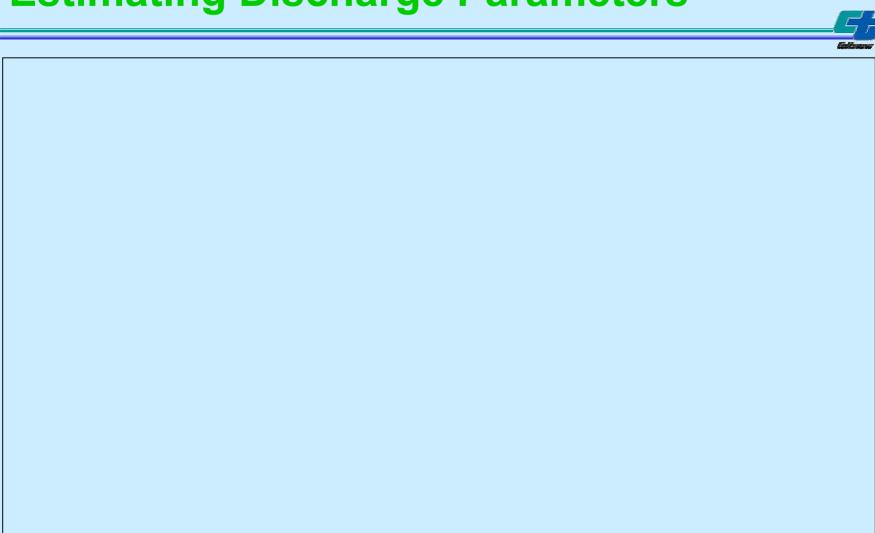


- Estimate discharge rate
  - How long would it take to fill up a 55 gallon drum?
  - How many 55 gallon drums could be filled each minute?



- Estimate accumulated volume by size of hole
  - Calculate volume based on length x width x depth of hole (1 m³ = 264.2 gallons or 1 ft³ = 7.5 gallons)
  - Estimate based on size of hole compared to a swimming pool (30'l x 20'w x 5'd = 22,500 gallons)

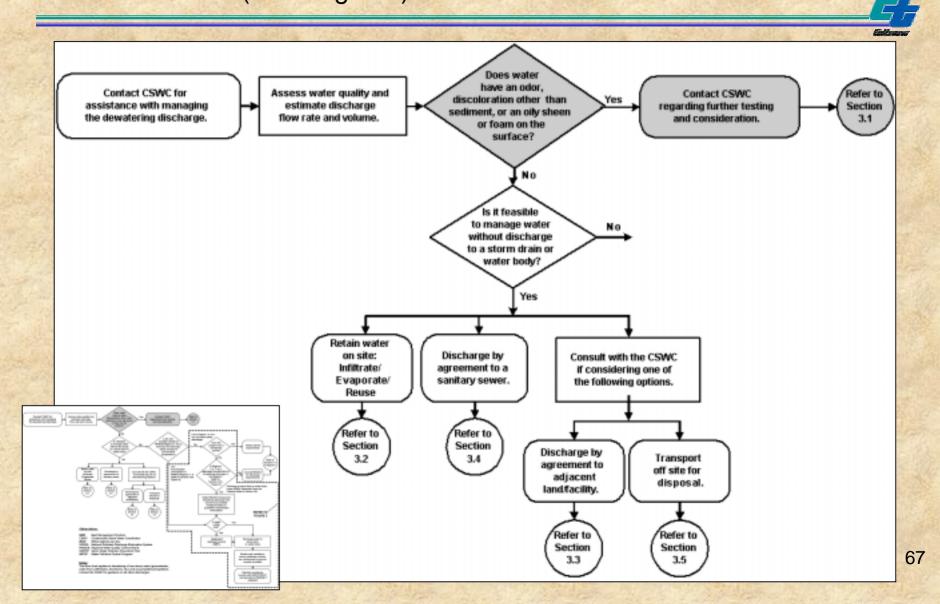
# **Team Competition #4: Estimating Discharge Parameters**



## Team Competition #4: Estimating Discharge Parameters (Cont.)



## Manage Water with Pollutants Other than Sediment (FG: Page 11)



## Manage Water with Pollutants Other than Sediment (FG: Page 11)



- Additional testing and evaluation are typically required.
- ☐ Contact your CSWC for assistance.
- Based on test results, options may include:
  - A dewatering operation not regulated under an NPDES Permit
  - A dewatering operation regulated under the Caltrans Statewide NPDES Permit (no pollutants other than sediment)
  - A dewatering operation under a RWQCB NPDES Permit

## **Types of Dewatering Operations**

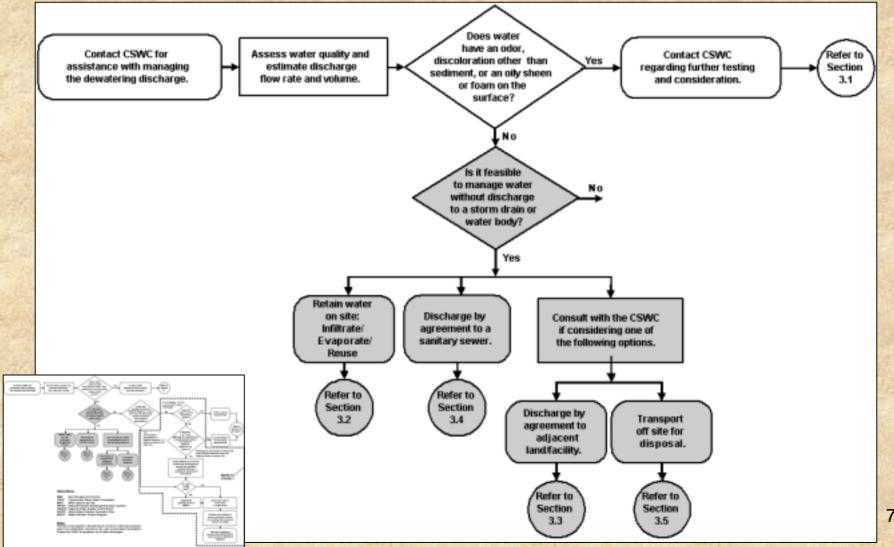


- There are three types of dewatering operations:
  - Operations <u>NOT</u> regulated under an NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under the Caltrans
     Statewide NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under a local RWQCB NPDES Permit

## **Dewatering Operations Management:**

## No NPDES Permit Required Options





## **Key Qualification:**

No NPDES Permit Required Options



Dewatering effluent cannot be discharged to a storm drain or water body at any time during the operation!

### **Dewatering Management Options:**

### No NPDES Permit Required



- 1. Retain Water on Site
- Discharge to Adjacent Land or Facility Owned by Others
- Discharge to a Public Sanitary Sewer System
- 4. Transport Off Site Using a Transportation, Storage and Disposal (TSD) Contractor

Retain Water On Site (FG: Page 12)





Retain Water On Site (Cont.)



- Accumulated water is retained on site and is...
  - Allowed to evaporate or infiltrate into the soil, or
  - Used on site for dust control, irrigation, etc., or
  - Stored in tanks for later use on site.
- Water Quality
  - Free of pollutants other than sediment
  - Minor amounts of non-hazardous pollutants by approval of CSWC

Retain Water On Site (Cont.)



### Limitations

- Not feasible for large volumes or high flow rates
- Ponded water must be infiltrated or evaporated within 72 hours
- May require space for water tanks
- May create problems (dust)



Retain Water On Site (FG: Page 12)



#### Table 6 Use Assessment: On-Site Retention

### Can Water be Retained On Site?

- 1) Answer the following questions to determine the feasibility of using this option:
  - a) Is the water free of pollutants other than sediment? YES NO
  - b) Can the operation be managed so that no water leaves the construction site? YES NO
  - c) Can the estimated volume of water as calculated on the **Discharge Parameters** section of the *Water Quality and Discharge Parameters Assessment Form* (Appendix C) be accommodated on the site? YES NO
  - d) Will ponded water evaporate or infiltrate within 72 hours of collection? YES NO
  - e) Can the water be treated for sediment if necessary for the anticipated reuse? YES NO
- 2) If you answered YES to all of the questions above, consider retaining ownership of the water on site.
- If you answered NO to any of the above questions, this option is not feasible for the site. Consider other management options.

Discharge to Adjacent Land or Facility Owned by Others (FG: Page 13)





Discharge to Adjacent Land or Facility Owned by Others (Cont.)



- ☐ Accumulated water is...
  - Discharged by agreement to another owner's facility (settling basin, irrigation, etc.)
- □ Water Quality
  - Generally required to be free of pollutants other than sediment
- □ General Requirements
  - Discuss regulatory and legal implementations with CSWC
  - May require a fee
  - May require treatment for sediment removal

Discharge to Adjacent Land or Facility Owned by Others (Cont.)



- Requires written agreement with provisions for:
  - Compensation
  - Discharge prohibitions
  - Testing requirements
  - Property restoration requirements
  - Discharge to be managed to prohibit discharge to a storm drain or water body

Discharge to Adjacent Land or Facility Owned by Others (FG: Page 13)



### Table 7 Use Assessment: Discharge to Adjacent Land or Facility Owned by Others

- 1) Answer the following questions to determine the feasibility of using this option:
  - a) Is there an appropriate landowner or a facility adjacent to the site that is willing to negotiate an agreement to accept your discharge? YES NO
  - b) Is the water free of pollutants other than sediment? YES NO
  - c) Can the estimated volume of water as calculated on the Discharge Parameters section of the Water Quality and Discharge Parameters Assessment Form (Appendix C) be accommodated by the land/facility? YES NO
  - d) Can the water be treated for sediment (if necessary) prior to discharge? YES NO
  - e) If groundwater, does the RWQCB allow unrestricted discharge of groundwater to land? YES NO
- If you answered YES to all of the questions above, consider negotiating an agreement to discharge to the land/facility.
- If you answered NO to any of the above questions, this option is not feasible for the site. Consider other management options.

Discharge to a Public Sanitary Sewer System (FG: Page 14)





Discharge to a Public Sanitary Sewer System (Cont.)



- □ Requires an agreement to discharge from the applicable agency
- Water Quality
  - Appropriate for discharges that contain sediment and other pollutants
- Advantages
  - Acceptable levels of pollutants may be discharged without pre-treatment, as defined by the agency.
  - Water can be pumped directly to sewer without intermediate transportation.

Discharge to a Public Sanitary Sewer System (Cont.)



- Requires written agreement with agency
  - Pay necessary fees
  - Discharge limitations/prohibitions may apply
  - Pre-discharge testing, monitoring and reporting may be required

Discharge to a Public Sanitary Sewer System (FG: Page 14)



### Table 8 Use Assessment: Discharge to a Sanitary Sewer System

#### Can Water be Discharged to a Sanitary Sewer System?

- 1) Answer the following questions to determine the feasibility of using this option:
  - a) Is the local sanitary sewer agency willing to negotiate an agreement to accept the discharge?
  - b) Is the water quality acceptable to the agency or can it be treated to meet requirements?
  - c) Is the estimated volume of water as calculated on the Discharge Parameters section of the Water Quality and Discharge Parameters Assessment Form (Appendix C) acceptable to the sanitary sewer agency?
- If you answered YES to all of the questions above, consider negotiating an agreement to discharge to the sanitary sewer. Contact the CSWC for assistance.
- 3) If you answered NO to any of the above questions, this option is not feasible. Consider other management options.

Transport Off Site Using a TSD Contractor (FG: Page 15)





Transport Off Site Using a TSD Contractor (Cont.)



- □ Transport water off site using a licensed commercial Transportation, Storage and Disposal (TSD) contractor.
- Water Quality
  - For toxic pollutants that cannot be discharged elsewhere.
  - Some TSD contractors will accept clean water.
  - Use when it's more cost effective to transport water off site than to treat water and discharge at the site.

Transport Off Site Using a TSD Contractor (Cont.)



- □ General Requirements
  - Requires a fee
  - Requires testing to characterize effluent prior to transport
  - Not a good long-term solution for dewatering

Transport Off Site Using a TSD Contractor (FG: Page 15)



### Table 9 Use Assessment: Transport Off Site Using Transportation, Storage and Disposal Contractor

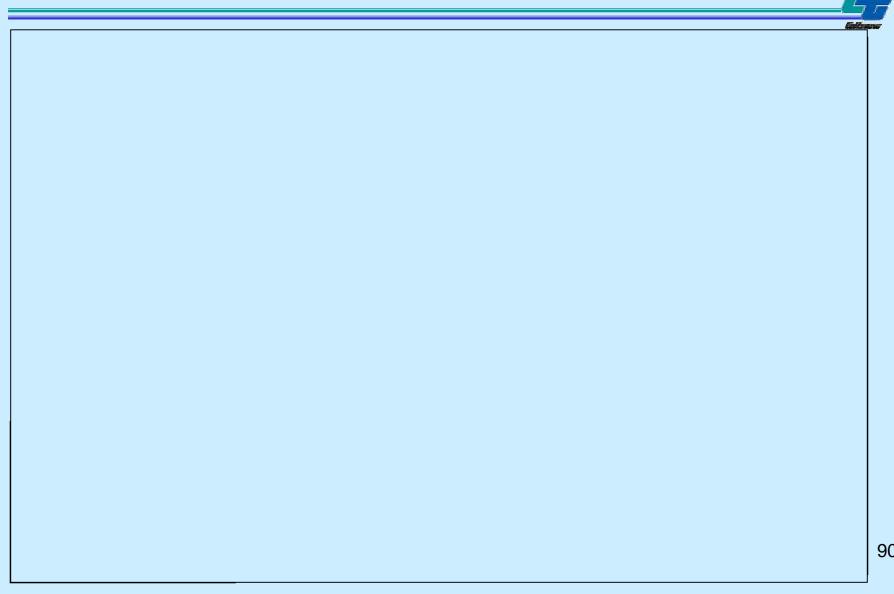
#### Can Water be Transported Off Site for Disposal?

- 1) Answer the following questions to determine the feasibility of using this option:
  - a) Is the water quality acceptable to the TSD? YES NO
  - b) Is the estimated volume of water as calculated on Discharge Parameters section of the Water Quality and Discharge Parameters Assessment Form (Appendix C) acceptable? YES NO
  - c) Is the fee acceptable to the contract budget? YES NO
- 2) If you answered YES to all of the questions above, consider negotiating an agreement to discharge to the TSD facility. Contact the District CSWC for assistance.
- If you answered NO to any of the above questions, this option is not feasible. Consider other management options.

# **Team Competition #5: No NPDES Permit Options**



# Team Competition #5: No NPDES Permit Options Flow Chart



# **Types of Dewatering Operations**



- There are three types of dewatering operations:
  - Operations <u>NOT</u> regulated under an NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under the Caltrans
     Statewide NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under a local RWQCB NPDES Permit

# **Key Qualification:**

## **NPDES** Permit

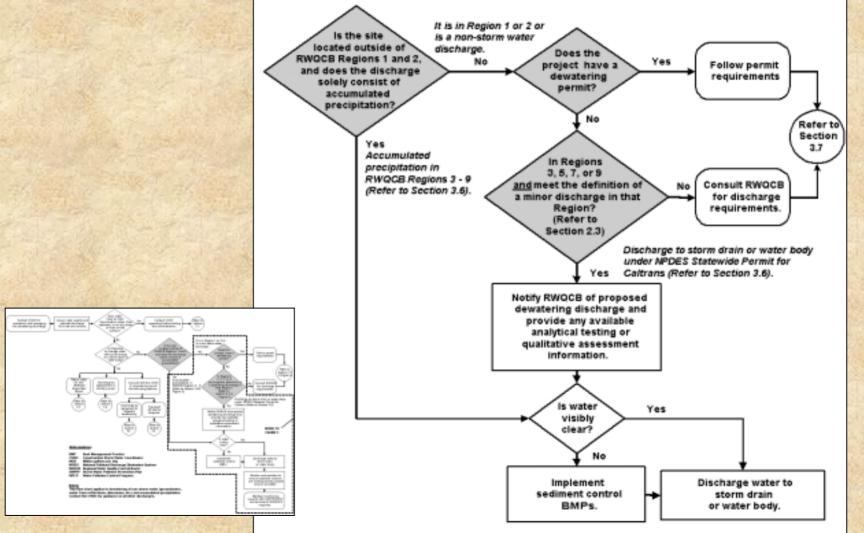


A dewatering operation is regulated by an NPDES Permit if any effluent will discharge to a surface water or a storm drain that discharges to a surface water.

# **Dewatering Management Options:**

# Which Permit?





# Which NPDES Permit Regulates the Operation: Caltrans Statewide or RWQCB?



## □ Depends on:

- RWQCB with jurisdiction over project
- Source of effluent: Storm water or non-storm water
- Water quality: Unpolluted, polluted by sediment only, or contains pollutants other than sediment
- Discharge Parameters: Flow rate, daily volume, duration

# Which Permit? Determine RWQCB Jurisdiction



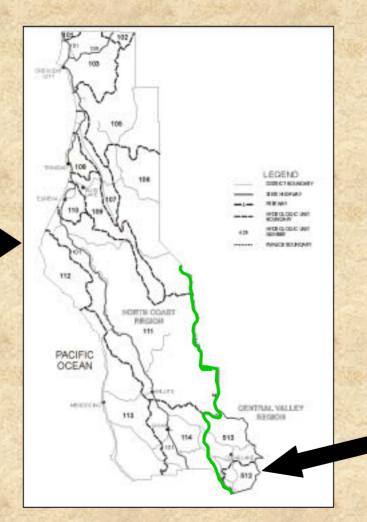
Caltrans District	North Coast 1	San Francisco 2	Central Coast 3	Los Angeles 4	Central Valley 5	Lahontan 6	Colorado River 7	Santa Ana 8	San Diego 9
1	Х			1	X	1/0	2. 动脉	X.	
2	X				X	X			
3	-				X	X			100
4	X	X	X		X	No.		1.08	
5		X	X		X				
6					X	X	罗斯特		
7			X	X	X	X			
8						X	X	X	X
9	Ref ag		100		1 ak -	X			
10		X			X	X			
11							X		X
12								X	X

## **District 1 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



**RWQCB 1** regulates all projects in District 1 except for that portion of Lake **County within** the Sacramento Watershed that drains to the **Pacific Ocean** via San Francisco Bay.



**RWQCB** 5 regulates projects in that portion of Lake **County within** the Sacramento Watershed that drain to the Pacific Ocean via San Francisco Bay.

# **District 2 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



**RWQCB 6** 

(Lahontan)

projects in

the eastern

portion of

District 2

within the

**Great Basin** 

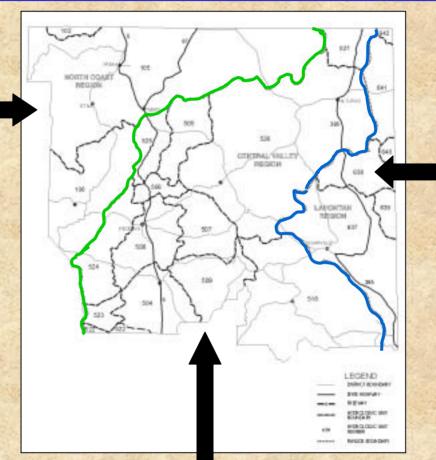
that do not

drain to the

ocean.

regulates

RWQCB 1 (North Coast) regulates projects in the northwest portion of District 2 that drain directly to the Pacific Ocean, primarily in the Klamath and Eel River drainages.



RWQCB 5 (Central Valley) regulates projects in the central portion of District 2 that ultimately drain to the Pacific Ocean via San Francisco Bay.

# **District 3 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



**RWQCB 5** (Central Valley) regulates all projects in District 3 within the Sacramento Watershed that drain to the Pacific Ocean via San Francisco Bay.



**RWQCB 6** (Lahontan) regulates projects in the eastern portion of District 3 within the **Great Basin** that do not drain to the ocean.

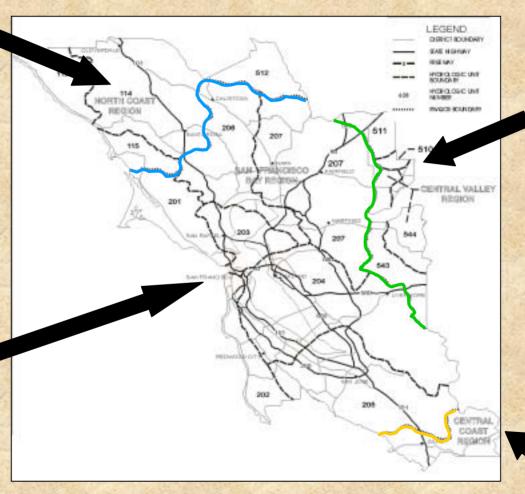
# **District 4 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)

5

RWQCB 1 (North Coast) regulates projects within the northwest potion of District 4.

RWQCB 2
(San
Francisco
Bay)
regulates the largest
portion of
District 4.



**RWQCB 5** (Central Valley) regulates projects within the eastern portion of District 4 within Napa, Solano and Alameda counties.

RWQCB 3 (Central Coast) regulates the southern portion of District 2.

## **District 5 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



RWQCB 2
(San
Francisco
Bay)
regulates the
northern tip
of District 5.

RWQCB 3
(Central Coast)
regulates the
largest portion
of District 5.



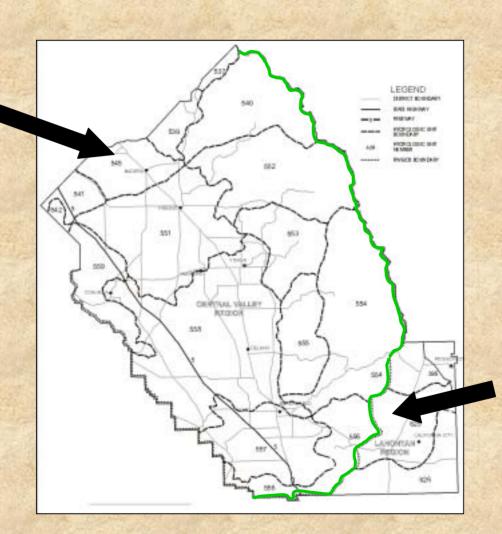
RWQCB 5
(Central Valley)
regulates the
northeastern
portion of
District 5
(eastern San
Benito
County).

# **District 6 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



RWQCB 5
(Central Valley)
regulates the largest portion
of District 6.



RWQCB 6
(Lahontan)
regulates
projects in a
portion of
District 6 in
eastern Kern
County.

# District 7 – RWQCB Boundaries

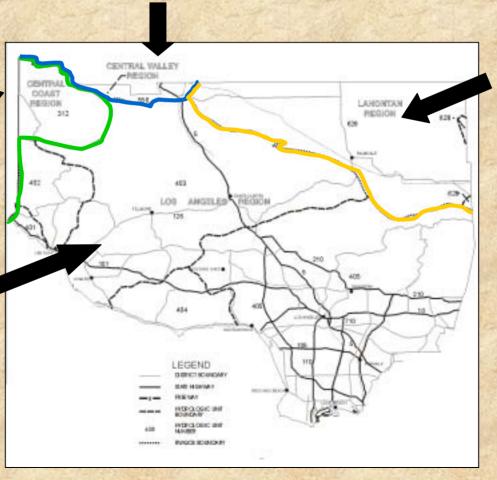
(Student Handouts)



RWQCB 3
(Central
Coast)
regulates the
northwester
corner of
District 7.

RWQCB 4
(Los
Angeles)
regulates
most of
District 7.

RWQCB 5 (Central Valley) regulates a small north central portion of District 7.



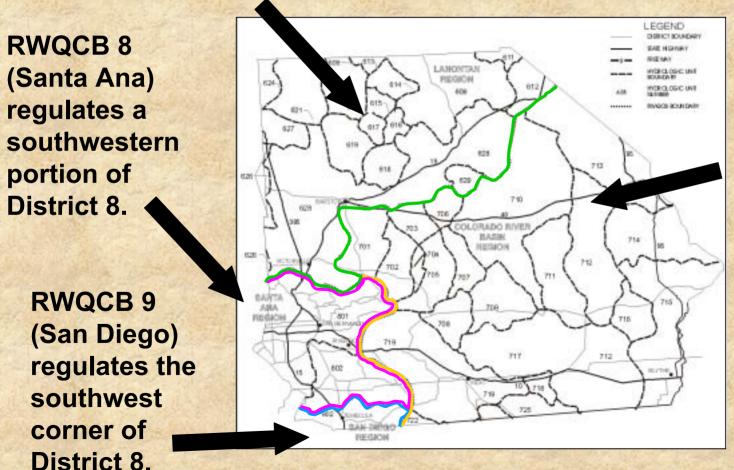
RWQCB 6
(Lahontan)
regulates
the
northeastern
corner of
District 7.

## **District 8 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



RWQCB 6 (Lahontan) regulates the northern portion of District 8 in the Great Basin that drains internally.



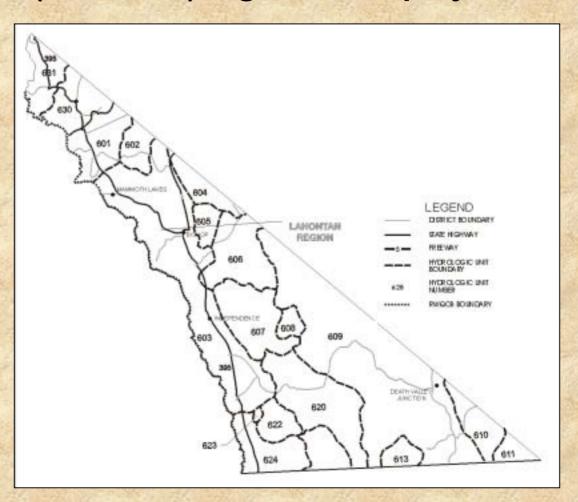
RWQCB 7
(Colorado
River Basin)
regulates a
large portion
of the
southeastern
area of
District 8.

# **District 9 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



## RWQCB 6 (Lahontan) regulates all projects in District 9.



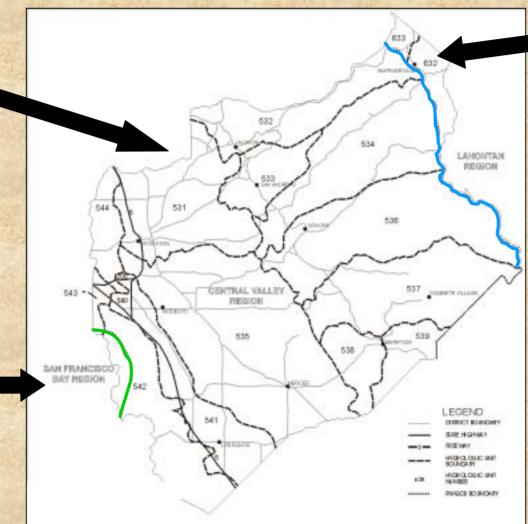
# **District 10 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



RWQCB 5
(Central Valley)
regulates the largest portion
of District 10.

RWQCB 2 (San Francisco Bay) regulates the northwest portion of District 10.



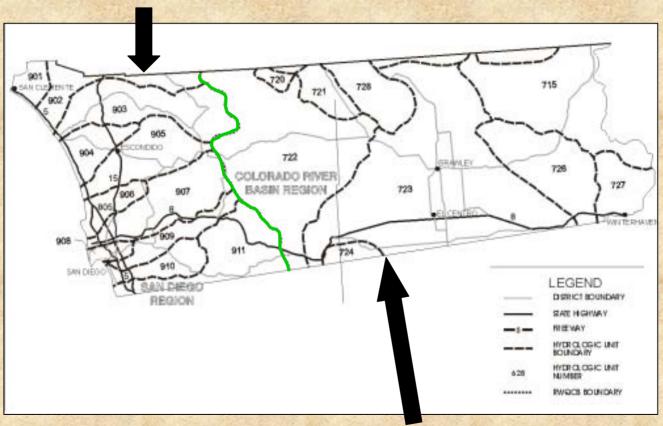
RWQCB 6
(Lahontan)
regulates a
small
portion of
the
northeast
corner of
District 10
in Alpine
County.

# **District 11 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



RWQCB 9 (San Diego) regulates the western portion of District 11.



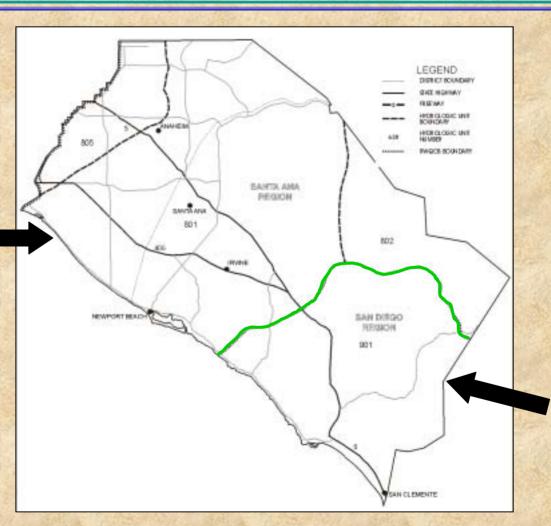
RWQCB 7 (Colorado River Basin) regulates the eastern portion of District 11.

# **District 12 - RWQCB Boundaries**

(Student Handouts)



RWQCB 8 (Santa Ana) regulates the northern portion of District 12.



RWQCB 9
(San Diego)
regulates
the
southern
portion of
District 12.

# District 1 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary

(FG: Appendix A and Student Handouts)



Calt	rans District 1	RWQCB		
Type of De	ewatering Discharge	1 North Coast	5 Central Valley	
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant			
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment			
Non-Storm Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)			
and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Polluted or More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hour day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)			

## District 1 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 1		RWQCB		
Type of De	Type of Dewatering Discharge		5 Central Valley	
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	RWQCB Permit		
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit		
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit		
	Polluted or More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hour day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit		

## District 1 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 1  Type of Dewatering Discharge		RWQCB		
		1 North Coast	5 Central Valley	
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	RWQCB Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	
Non-Storm Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Polluted or More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hour day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB  Permit	

## District 2 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



	Caltrans District 2			RWQCB		
Ту	pe of Dewat	ering Discharge	1 North Coast	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan	
Storm Water	Unpolluted o	r Sediment as Only Pollutant				
Storm water	Pollutant Oth	er Than Sediment				
		No Volume or Duration Limits	0			
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr/day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)				
Mixed with Other Water		More Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr/day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year				
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits				

## District 2 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



	Caltrans District 2			RWQCB		
Ту	pe of Dewat	ering Discharge	1 North Coast	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan	
Storm Water	Unpolluted o	r Sediment as Only Pollutant	RWQCB Permit			
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment		RWQCB Permit			
		No Volume or Duration Limits				
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr/day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit			
Mixed with Other Water		More Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr/day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year	RWQCB Permit			
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit			

## District 2 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



	Caltrans District 2			RWQCB		
Ту	pe of Dewat	ering Discharge	1 North Coast	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan	
Storm Water	Unpolluted o	Jnpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant		Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Storm water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment		RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	
		No Volume or Duration Limits			RWQCB Permit	
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr/day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit		
Mixed with Other Water		More Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr/day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit		
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	

# District 3 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



	District 3			СВ
	Type of Dewa	tering Discharge	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan
Storm Water	Unpolluted or So	npolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant		
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment			
		No Volume or Duration Limits		
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)		
		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)		
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits		

# District 3 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



	District 3			СВ
	Type of Dewa	tering Discharge	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan
Storm Water	Unpolluted or Se	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant		
Stoffin Water	Pollutant Other	utant Other Than Sediment		
		No Volume or Duration Limits		
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Mixed with Other Water		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit	

# District 3 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



	District 3			CB
	Type of Dewatering Discharge			6 Lahontan
Storm Water	Unpolluted or So	ediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit
Stoffii Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment		RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit
		No Volume or Duration Limits		RWQCB Permit
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Mixed with Other Water		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit

# District 4 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Calt	rans District 4	RWQCB			
Type of De	ewatering Discharge	1 North Coast	2 San Francisco <sup>a</sup>	3 Central Coast	5 Central Valley
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant				
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment				
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)				
Mixed with Other Water	Polluted or More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)				
A	A				

# District 4 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Calt	RWQCB						
Type of De	ewatering Discharge	1 North Coast	2 San Francisco <sup>a</sup>	3 Central Coast	5 Central Valley		
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	RWQCB Permit					
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit					
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit					
Mixed with Other Water	Polluted or More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit					
A	A (						

# District 4 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Calt	Caltrans District 4		RWQCB			
Type of Dewatering Discharge		1 North Coast	2 San Francisco <sup>a</sup>	3 Central Coast	5 Central Valley	
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	RWQCB Permit	Permission or RWQCB Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	Permission or RWQCB Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Mixed with Other Water	Polluted or More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	

A May give verbal permission for short-term, small quantity discharges without a permit

# District 5 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Section Section	Caltrans District 5		RWQCB			
MO-COLOR IN	Type of De	watering Discharge	2 San Francisco A	3 Central Coast	5 Central Valley	
CONFORM No CONF		Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant				
Section Profession	Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment				
Appropriate Section 1	Non-Storm Water or	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)				
77	Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Polluted or More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)				
Section 1	Α					

# District 5 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Calt	RWQCB			
Type of De	2 San Francisco <sup>A</sup>	3 Central Coast	5 Central Valley	
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	Permission or RWQCB Permit		
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit		
Non-Storm Water or	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Permission or RWQCB Permit		
Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Polluted or More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit		

A May give verbal permission for short-term, small quantity discharges without a permit

# District 5 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



	Calt	RWQCB			
To Describeration of the Control of	Type of De	2 San Francisco A	3 Central Coast	5 Central Valley	
ASSESSED NO CONTRACTOR		Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	Permission or RWQCB Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit
A-COUNTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit
BANK STATES OF STATES	Non-Storm Water or	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Permission or RWQCB Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit
	Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Polluted or More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit

A May give verbal permission for short-term, small quantity discharges without a permit

# District 6 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



District 6			RWQCB		
Ту	Type of Dewatering Discharge			6 Lahontan	
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant  Porm Water  Pollutant Other Than Sediment				
Storm Water					
		No Volume or Duration Limits			
Non-Storm Water or Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)			
Mixed with Other Water		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)			
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits			

# District 6 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



District 6			RWQ	В
Type of Dewatering Discharge			5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan
	Unpolluted o	r Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Storm Water	Pollutant Oth	ner Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	
		No Volume or Duration Limits		
Non-Storm Water or Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Mixed with Other Water		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit	

# District 6 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



	Dis	RWQCB		
Ту	Type of Dewatering Discharge			6 Lahontan
	Unpolluted o	r Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit
Storm Water	Pollutant Oth	ner Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit
		No Volume or Duration Limits		RWQCB Permit
Non-Storm Water or Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Mixed with Other Water		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit

# District 7 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



C	Caltrans District 7			RWQCB			
Туре о	f Dewaterir	ig Discharge	3 Central Coast	4 Los Angeles	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan	
Storm Water	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant						
Storm water	Pollutant Oth	ner Than Sediment					
		No Volume or Duration Limits					
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)					
Mixed with Other Water		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)					
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits					

# District 7 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



C	Caltrans Dis	strict 7	RWQCB			
Туре о	Type of Dewatering Discharge			4 Los Angeles	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan
Storm Water	Unpolluted c	or Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit			
Storm Water	Pollutant Oth	ner Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit			
		No Volume or Duration Limits				
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Caltrans Statewide Permit			
Mixed with Other Water	9	More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit			
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit			

# District 7 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



(	Caltrans District 7			RWQCB			
Туре о	Type of Dewatering Discharge			4 Los Angeles	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan	
Storm Water	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant		Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Storm water	Pollutant Oth	ner Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	
		No Volume or Duration Limits		RWQCB Permit		RWQCB Permit	
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Caltrans Statewide Permit		Caltrans Statewide Permit		
Mixed with Other Water		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit		RWQCB Permit		
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	

#### District 8 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 8			RWQCB			
Тур	Type of Dewatering Discharge			7 Colorado River	8 Santa Ana	9 San Diego
Storm Water	Unpolluted or	Sediment as Only Pollutant				
	Pollutant Oth	er Than Sediment				
	Conveyances	other than San Diego Bay or Storm or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted in 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)				
Groundwater	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Greater Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Polluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)					
		San Diego Bay or to Storm or Tributaries Thereto				
		No Volume or Duration Limits				
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)				
Mixed with Other Water		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24- hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)				
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits				

#### District 8 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



	Caltrans District 8			RWQCB			
Тур	Type of Dewatering Discharge			7 Colorado River	8 Santa Ana	9 San Diego	
Storm Water	Unpolluted or	Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit				
	Pollutant Othe	er Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit				
	Conveyances	other than San Diego Bay or Storm or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted n 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)					
Groundwater	Conveyances and Greater T	other than San Diego Bay or Storm or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted han 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) nd Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day					
		San Diego Bay or to Storm or Tributaries Thereto					
	9	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit				
Non-Storm Water Unpollu and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)					
		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24- hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)					
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit				

#### District 8 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 8			RWQCB			
Тур	Type of Dewatering Discharge			7 Colorado River	8 Santa Ana	9 San Diego
Storm Water	Unpolluted or	Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit
	Pollutant Othe	er Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit
	Conveyances	other than San Diego Bay or Storm or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted n 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)				Caltrans Statewide Permit
Groundwater	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Greater Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Polluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)					RWQCB Permit CAG919002
	Discharge to San Diego Bay or to Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto					RWQCB Permit CAG919001
		No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit			Contact RWQCB
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)		Caltrans Statewide Permit	RWQCB Permit	
Mixed with Other Water		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24- hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)		RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Pennit	
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	Contact RWQCB

### District 9 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltr	RWQCB	
Type of De	6 Lahontan	
Storm Water	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	
Storm water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted	
	Polluted	

### District 9 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 9		RWQCB
Type of Dewatering Discharge		6 Lahontan
Storm Water	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit
	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted	RWQCB Permit
	Polluted	RWQCB Permit

### District 10 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 10		RWQCB			
Type of Dewatering Discharge		2 San Francisco A	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan	
Ctown Mater	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant				
Storm Water	Pollutant Oth	ner Than Sediment			
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water		No Volume or Duration Limits			
	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)			
		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)			
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits			
A	A				

### District 10 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary

(FG: Appendix A and Student Handouts)



Caltrans District 10		RWQCB			
Type of Dewatering Discharge		2 San Francisco A	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan	
Storm Water	Unpolluted o	r Sediment as Only Pollutant	RWQCB Permit		
	Pollutant Oth	ner Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit		
		No Volume or Duration Limits			
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit		
		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit		
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit		

AMay give verbal permission for short-term, small quantity discharges without a permit

### District 10 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary

(FG: Appendix A and Student Handouts)



Caltrans District 10		RWQCB			
Type of Dewatering Discharge		2 San Francisco A	5 Central Valley	6 Lahontan	
	Unpolluted o	r Sediment as Only Pollutant	RWQCB Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit
Storm Water	Pollutant Oth	ner Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water		No Volume or Duration Limits			RWQCB Permit
	Unpolluted	Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
		More than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Longer Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	
	Polluted	No Volume or Duration Limits	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit	RWQCB Permit

AMay give verbal permission for short-term, small quantity discharges without a permit

### District 11 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 11		RWQCB	
Type of Dewatering Discharge		7 Colorado River	9 San Diego
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant		
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment		
Groundwater	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		
	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Greater Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Polluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		
	Discharge to San Diego Bay or to Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto		
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)		
	Polluted or More Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24- hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)		

### District 11 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 11		RWQCB	
Type of Dewatering Discharge		7 Colorado River	9 San Diego
10 100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (10	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	
Groundwater	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		
	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Greater Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Polluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		
	Discharge to San Diego Bay or to Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto		
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
	Polluted or More Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24- hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	

### District 11 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 11		RWQCB	
Туре	of Dewatering Discharge	7 Colorado River	9 San Diego
10 100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (10	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	Contact RWQCB
Groundwater	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		Caltrans Statewide Permit
	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Greater Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Polluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		RWQCB Permit CAG919002
	Discharge to San Diego Bay or to Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto		RWQCB Permit CAG919001
Non-Storm Water and	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Contact RWQCB
Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Polluted or More Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24- hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	Contact RWQCB

#### District 12 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 12		RWQCB	
Туре	e of Dewatering Discharge	8 Santa Ana	g San Diego
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant		
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment		
Groundwater	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		
	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Greater Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24 -hr day) or Polluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24 -hr day)		
	Discharge to San Diego Bay or to Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto		
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)		
	Polluted or More Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)		

#### District 12 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



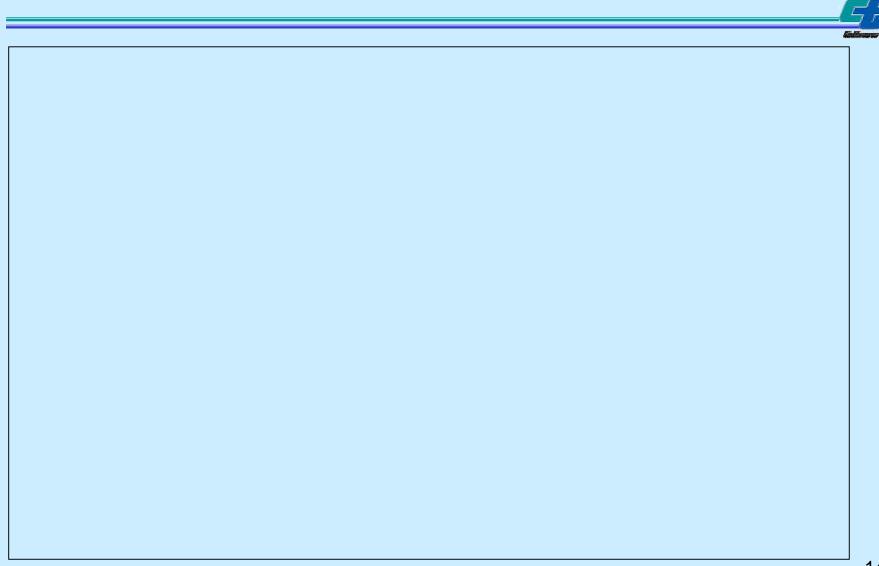
Caltrans District 12		RWQCB	
Туре	e of Dewatering Discharge	8 Santa Ana	g San Diego
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit	
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	
Groundwater	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		
	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Greater Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24 -hr day) or Polluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24 -hr day)		
	Discharge to San Diego Bay or to Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto		
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with Other Water	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	
	Polluted or More Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	

#### District 12 Team Exercise: RWQCB NPDES Permit Summary



Caltrans District 12		RWQCB	
Туре	e of Dewatering Discharge	8 Santa Ana	g San Diego
	Unpolluted or Sediment as Only Pollutant	Caltrans Statewide Permit	Caltrans Statewide Permit
Storm Water	Pollutant Other Than Sediment	RWQCB Permit	Contact RWQCB
	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		Caltrans Statewide Permit
Groundwater	Discharge to other than San Diego Bay or Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto: Unpolluted and Greater Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) or Polluted and Less Than 100,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day)		RWQCB Permit CAG919002
	Discharge to San Diego Bay or to Storm Conveyances or Tributaries Thereto		RWQCB Permit CAG919001
Non-Storm Water and Storm Water Mixed with	Unpolluted and Less Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	Contact RWQCB
Other Water	Polluted or More Than 250,000 Gallons/Day (24-hr day) and Less Than 4 Months Duration (in Calendar Year)	RWQCB Permit	Contact RWQCB

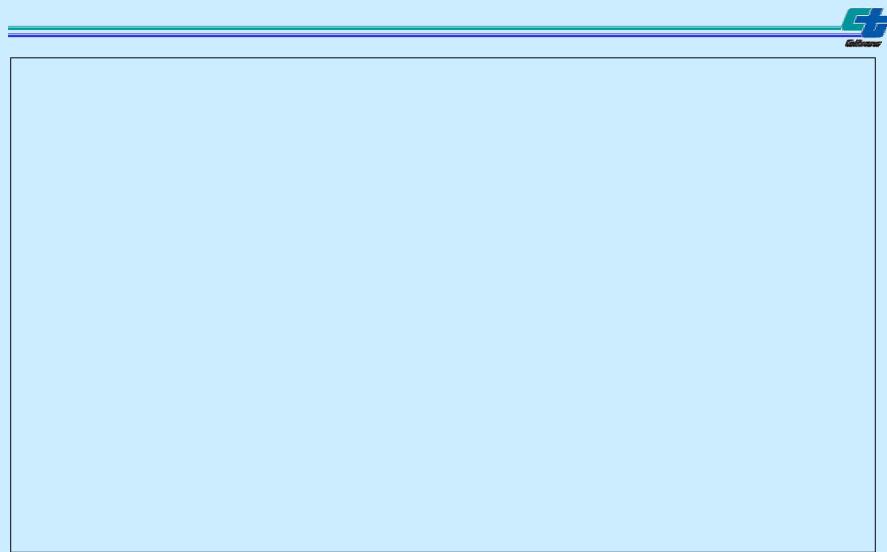
### Team Competition #6: Which NPDES Permit Will You Use?



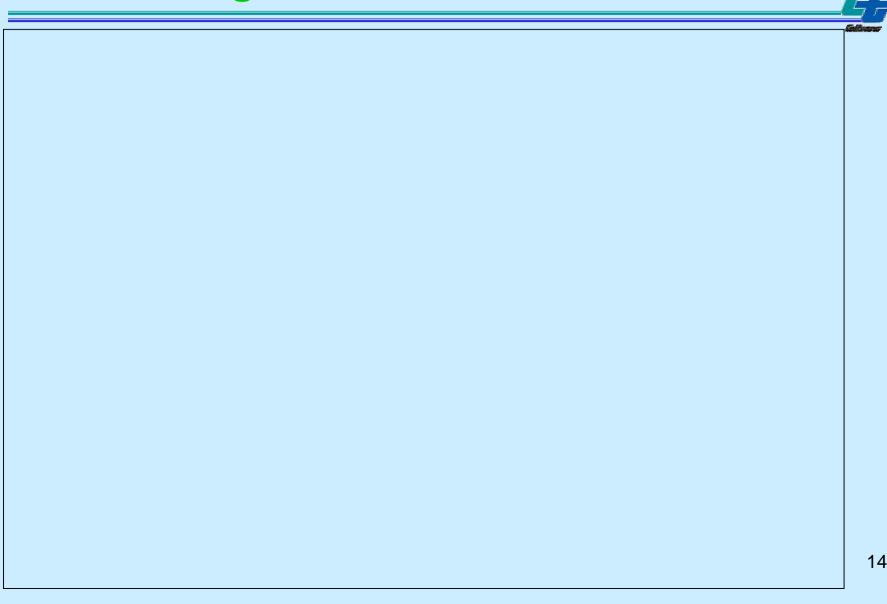
#### **Team Competition #6: Which NPDES Permit? Region 5 Scenario Flow Chart**



# Team Competition #6: Which NPDES Permit Will You Use?



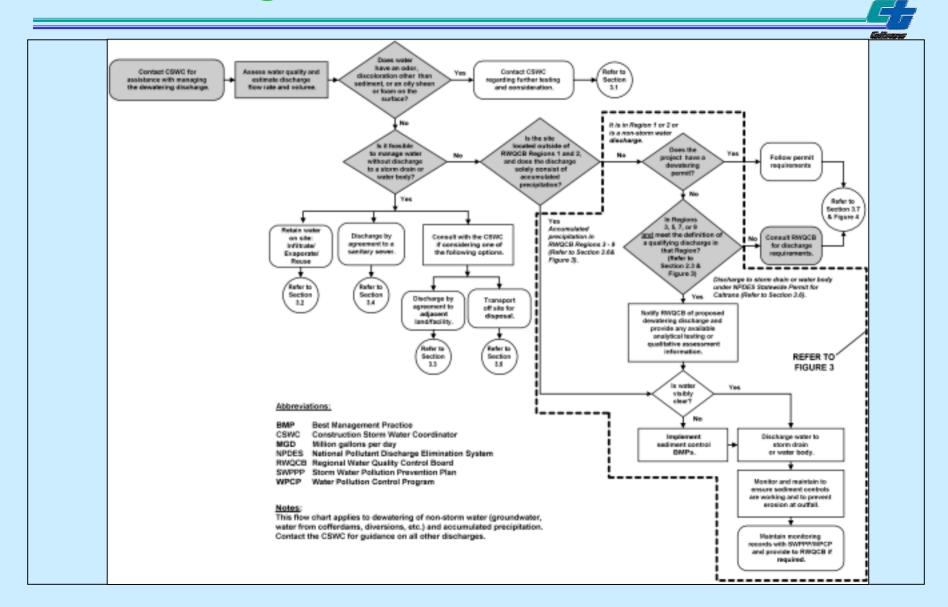
# **Team Competition #6: Which NPDES Permit? Region 6 Scenario Flow Chart**

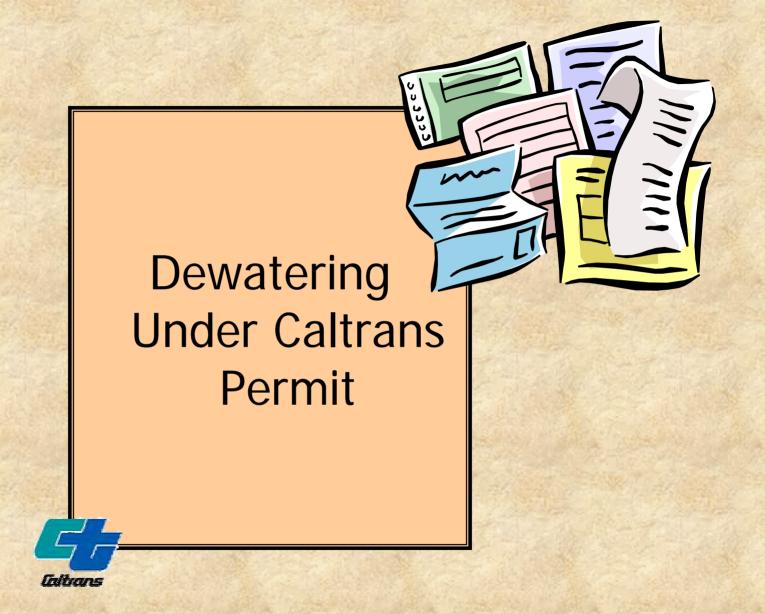


# Team Competition #6: Which NPDES Permit Will You Use?



# Team Competition #6: Which NPDES Permit? Region 9 Scenario Flow Chart





# **Types of Dewatering Operations**



- There are three types of dewatering operations:
  - Operations <u>NOT</u> regulated under an NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under the Caltrans Statewide NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under a local RWQCB NPDES Permit

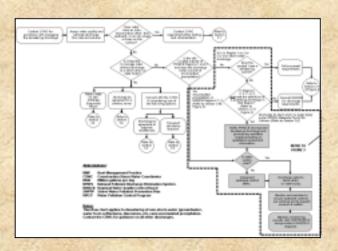
## **Dewatering under Caltrans Permit**

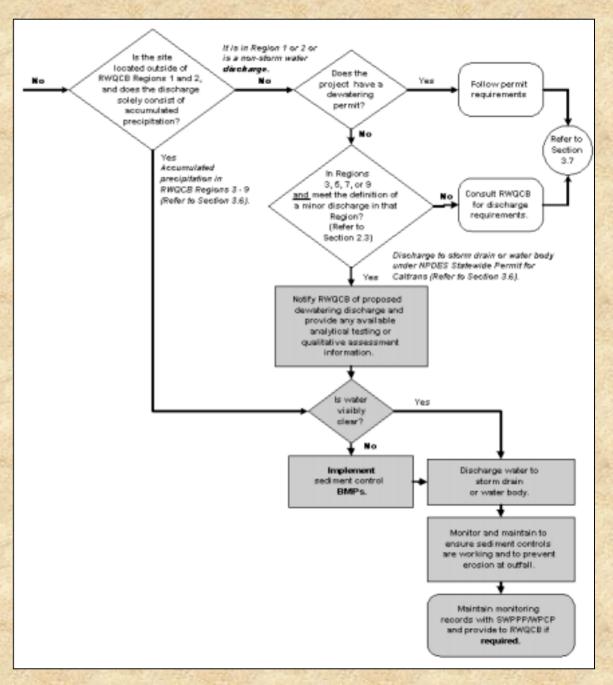
#### **General Information**



- ☐ Storm water in all Regions except 1 and 2
- Qualifying non-storm water in Regions 3, 5, 7, and 9 (volume and duration limits)
- Must be free of pollutants other than sediment
- May require treatment for sediment removal prior to discharge

# Dewatering Under Caltrans Permit





# **Dewatering under Caltrans Permit**General Process



- 1. Notify RWQCB (through your CSWC) if non-storm water. (Applicable for RWQCB's 3, 5, 7, & 9 only)
- Amend SWPPP/WPCP.
- 3. Treat for sediment removal if effluent is not 'visibly clear.'
- 4. Monitor dewatering operations using the **Dewatering Operations Monitoring Form** (sample provided in Appendix C).
- 5. Maintain records for 3 years.

### **Dewatering Under Caltrans Permit**

(FG: Page 16)



- Notify RWQCB of intended discharge if nonstorm water
  - Prior to discharge
  - Provide information regarding type of water quality and discharge parameters to CSWC.
  - May use courtesy Notification Form (sample provided) (Applicable for RWQCB's 3, 5, 7, & 9 only)
    - No official Caltrans form exists



- ☐ Amend SWPPP/WPCP to include appropriate BMPs:
  - NS-2: Dewatering Operations (updated soon)
  - SC-2: Sediment/Desilting Basin
  - SC-3: Sediment Trap
  - SS-10: Outlet Protection/Velocity Dissipation Devices
  - Other practices for removing sediment



### □ Treat for sediment removal

 If water is visibly clear, treatment may not be required.





 If water is not clear, implement appropriate sediment control BMPs.



#### ☐ Goal of the Caltrans Permit

- Visibly clear, or
- In the case of "muddy" receiving waters...no adverse impact to the water body



### **Additional Guidance:**

If visibly clear cannot readily be met by conventional BMPs, consult with your CSWC and RWQCB regarding discharge limitations.

What is 'Visibly Clear'? - Turbidity









0 NTUs

33 NTUs

**113 NTUs** 

What is 'Visibly Clear'? - Turbidity









0 NTUs

33 NTUs

**113 NTUs** 

#### **Rule of Thumb:**

Visibly clear is if you can see through it, Equivalent to < 50 NTUs

Assessing Visibly Clear/Turbidity



- Daily during dewatering operation collect a sample in a small jar from effluent or from upper portion of the receiving water.
- ☐ View to see if it is visibly clear.
- Or test with a Turbidity Meter. Measured in Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTUs).





- □ Discharge water
- Monitor operations as part of regular inspections
  - Sample form provided in Appendix C
  - Ensure that contractor maintains sediment control BMPs.
  - Ensure that there is no erosion at the discharge outfall.

		Caliram Order No.: 99-66-DWQ, NPDES No. CAS00000 Discharge Start Date and Time: Stop Date and Time: BMP in Use:				
Dute	Time	Observer Initials	Pump Size or Estimated Flow Rate (gpm)	Effect Visual Observation*	Camerats**	
				-		
ner W				hees, fleating fears, marky appearance, second colo		



#### □ Maintain records with SWPPP/WPCP

- Monitoring records
- Inspection records
- Provide to RWQCB, if required
- Subject to regulatory review for 3 years



# Team Competition #7: Dewatering Under the Caltrans Permit

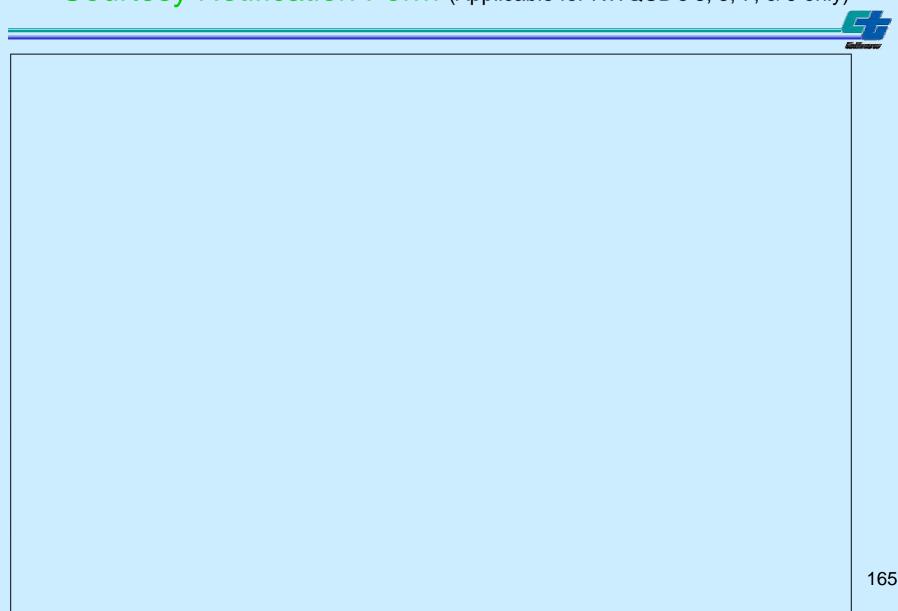


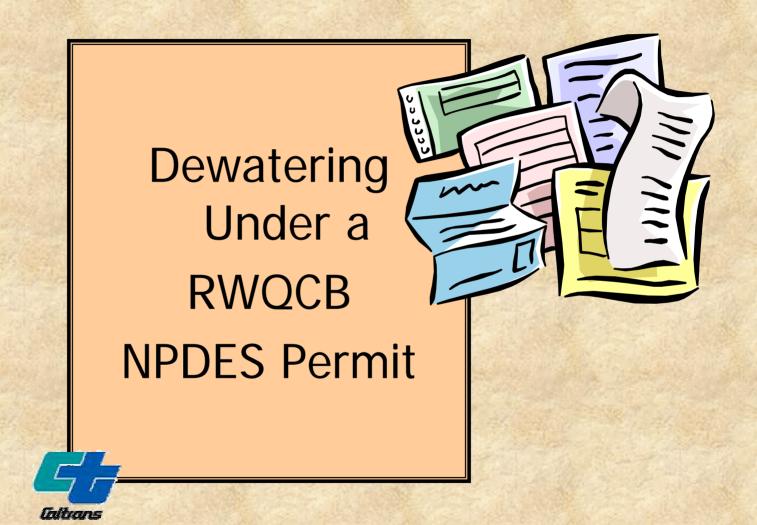
# Team Competition #7: Dewatering Under the Caltrans Permit



### **Dewatering Under the Caltrans Permit**

Courtesy Notification Form (Applicable for RWQCB's 3, 5, 7, & 9 only)





## **Types of Dewatering Operations**

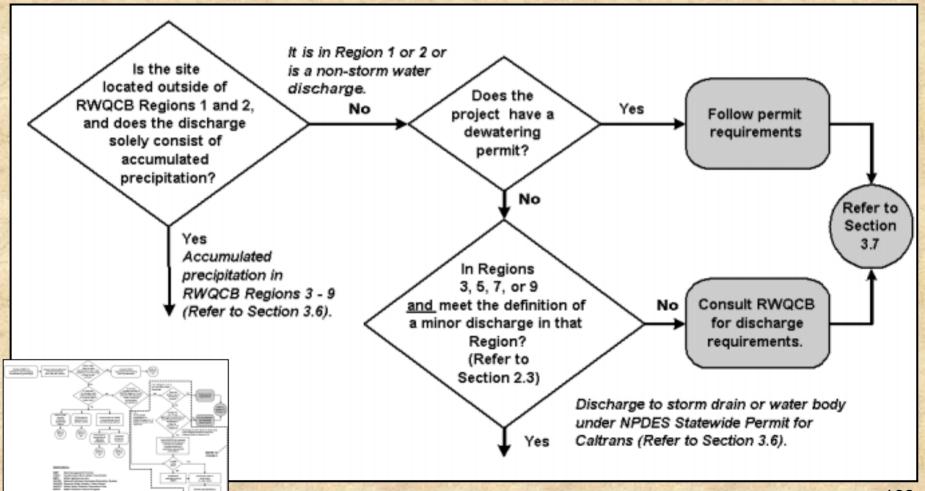


- There are three types of dewatering operations:
  - Operations <u>NOT</u> regulated under an NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under the Caltrans
     Statewide NPDES Permit
  - Operations regulated under a local RWQCB NPDES Permit

### **Dewatering Management Options:**

Dewatering Under RWQCB NPDES Permit





### **Dewatering Under RWQCB NPDES Permit**

General Information (FG: Page 18)



- Required for dewatering discharge to storm drain or water body that is not allowed by the RWQCB under the Caltrans Permit.
- Water Quality Limits
  - Must meet permit requirements
  - Free of pollutants other than sediment
  - Polluted water may be allowed, but treatment will be required

### **Dewatering Under RWQCB NPDES Permit**

General Information (FG: Page 18)



- May be discharged directly from the project site
- □ Appropriate for small or large volumes of water
- Minimal cost
- RWQCB permit may require several weeks to several months to obtain
- Treatment may be needed to meet water quality requirements
- Analytical testing, monitoring and reporting is required

### **RWQCB General NPDES Permits**

(FG: Page 18 and App. D)



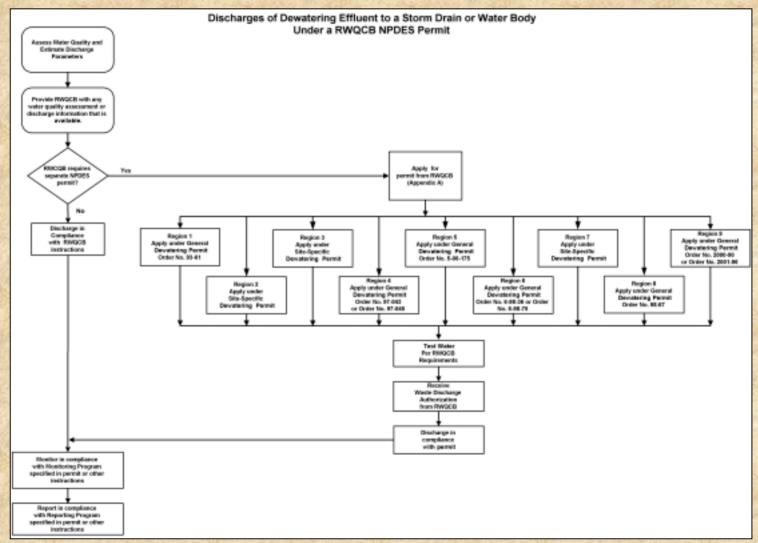
- The RWQCB may have issued a general permit that covers dewatering operations.
- If the general permit does not cover your particular type of operation, a sitespecific permit may be required.
- Appendix D of the Field Guide contains copies of RWQCB general permits that apply to dewatering.
- Permit expiration

Caltrans District RWQCB General Permits	
District	
Region 1 – General Permit 93-61	
Region 5 - General Permit 5-00-175	
Region 1 – General Permit 93-61	
2 Region 5 – General Permit 5-00-175	90.4.004.000
Region 6 - General Permit 6-98-36, 6-9	8-75
Region 5 – General Permit 5-00-175	
Region 6 - General Permit 6-98-36, 6-98	3-75
Region 1 - General Permit 93-61	
Region 2 – No General Permit	
Region 3 – No General Permit	
Region 5 - General Permit 5-00-175	
Region 2 – No General Permit	- 30
5 Region 3 – No General Permit	
Region 5 - General Permit 5-00-175	9
6 Region 5 – General Permit 5-00-175	
Region 6 - General Permit 6-98-36, 6-98	-75
Region 3 – No General Permit	
7 Region 4 – General Permit 97-043, 97-04	45
Region 5 - General Permit 5-00-175	
Region 6 - General Permit 6-98-36, 6-98	-75
Region 6 - General Permit 6-98-36, 6-98	-75
Region 7 – No General Permit	
Region 8 – General Permit 98-67	
Region 9 - General Permit 2000-90, 200	1-96
9 Region 6 – General Permit 6-98-36, 6-98	
Region 2 – No General Permit	
10 Region 5 - General Permit 5-00-175	19.00.00
Region 6 - General Permit 6-98-36, 6-98	-75
1.1 Region 7 - No General Permit	Kato Bacoli
Region 9 - General Permit 2000-90, 200	01-96
Region 8 – General Permit 98-67	
12 Region 9 – General Permit 2000-90, 200	1-96

### **RWQCB General or Site-Specific Permit?**

(FG: Page 19)





# If You Need a RWQCB Permit and You Don't Already Have One...



# You're in trouble!

- ☐ Obtaining coverage under a RWQCB General Permit
  - Requires 4 6 weeks
  - Applies to low discharges
- □ Obtaining a Site-Specific RWQCB Permit
  - May require 6 12 months
  - Applies to large flows and pollutants
  - Might be only permit available in some Regions
- Consider viable management options that do not require a RWQCB Permit.

### **RWQCB NPDES Dewatering Permit**

### Discharge General Process



- Contact CSWC and provide known water quality and discharge parameters.
- 2. Contact RWQCB to discuss waiver or special issues.
- Conduct water quality tests in accordance with General NPDES Permit and/or RWQCB instructions.
- 4. Provide tests results and dewatering treatment and monitoring program to the RWQCB.
- 5. Submit NOI.

### **RWQCB NPDES Dewatering Permit**

Discharge General Process (Cont.)



- Wait for approval: Issuance of a Waste Discharge Identification (WDID) number and Waste Discharge Authorization (WDA) with Waste Discharge Requirements (WDR)
- 7. Begin dewatering and implementation of treatment.
- 8. Monitor operation and assure compliance.
- 9. Provide reports to RWQCB as detailed in the General Permit or discharge approval letter.
- 10. Maintain records for 3 years.

# Sample Notice of Intent (NOI)



Application to request permission to discharge under a RWQCB general permit.

CHEEFO		L VALLEY	ALITY CONTROL BOAR REGION	D .
	NOTIC	E OF I	NTENT	
	DEWATERI	FOR NG AND OT	0.5-00-175	
CONTRACTOR	OPERATOR -Francisco	d executable trees and	profess produce the Schroedine is a application	y below.
Name				
Halling Address				
Ity	State	Zip	Phone	
Centact Person	Contracto	000	rator Contractor/Oper	
PROPERTY OW			irrolesi, per viit fin information in a supplement	
Name Mailing Address	NER Justin	ad property content are	Territori, per vitir de l'alternacion in a supplemente	
Name Mailing Address City				
Name Nading Address City Contact Person  II. WATER SUPPLI	NER Justin	ad property content are	Territori, per vitir de l'alternacion in a supplemente	
Name Mailing Address City Contact Person  II. WATER SUPPLI Name	NER Funds	ad property content are	Territori, per vitir de l'alternacion in a supplemente	
Name Mailing Address City Contact Person  II. WATER SUPPLI Name Mailing Address	NER Funds	ad property content are	Territori, per vitir de l'alternacion in a supplemente	
Vame Mailing Address Lity Contact Person  I. WATER SUPPLI Vame Mailing Address Lity Lity	NER Funds	Zlp	lected, per vite de lateración in a supplemente. Placas	
I. PROPERTY OW Name Mailing Address City Contact Person  II. WATER SUPPLI Name Mailing Address City Contact Person	NER Funds	Zlp	lected, per vite de lateración in a supplemente. Placas	
Name Mailing Address City Contact Person  II. WATER SUPPLI Name Mailing Address City	NER Funts    State   ERS (If applicable)     State   ESS:	Zip	Phone Phone	
Name Mailing Address City Contact Person  III. WATER SUPPLI Name Mailing Address City Contact Person  V. BILLING ADDR Name	NER Funts    State   ERS (If applicable)	Zlp	lected, per vite de lateración in a supplemente. Placas	

treet (including address, if any)		
hy/County		
resnest Cross Street(s)		
rwnship/Range/Section T,	R, Section, MD84M	
reach a map of at least 1:24000 (1" = 2800") sho he map should also show the treatment system, half be identified.	rwing the discharge site. (eg. USGS 3.5' topographic map.) discharge point and surface waters. Wells and residences within 1,	500 Seet
L DISCHARGE INFORMATION		
Sease Identify type of discharge		
Well development water	Pipeline/tank pressure testing	
Construction demadering	Pipeline/tank flushing or dewatering	
Pump/well Torting	Condensute	
Water Supply System	Other (Please describe)	
	(ortimate) Discharge RafeMGD.	
II. LAND DISPOSAL/RECLAMA	TION	
Soard policies dictate that wastewater disc For must evaluate and rule out this often	charges must be contained on land or beneficially re-used if p ative prior to any discharge to surface water under this Ords	ractical. ir.
is land reclamation feasible? Yes	Na ·	

# Sample Notice of Intent (Cont.)



lease Identify	
Nuse (describe why a treatment system is not no Other (please describe)	
ravide a schematic drawing of the proposed treatmen	d system.
RECEIVING WATER INFORMATION	
Name of closest receiving water.	
l. Receiving water is tributary to (name major down	astream water body)
	RS LINELY TO BE IN THE DISCHARGE
Please Identify Settleable material	Color
Suspended material	Turbidity
PH	Other (please describe)
Chilorine	Construction material pollutants
Total dissolved solids	Metals
Trace organic compounds	
and an Branc companies	
Have samples been collected? Yes (attach rese	ilts)No

constituents, bac	he discharge may b steria, pesticides, o t beneficial uses of	il and grease, ra-	diesetivi	ity, salinity	or tempe	rature that may
Myour answer is yet	s you must contact a Pr rather than this Gener	refessional Engineer			permit may l	be required from
XIL PROFESS	IONAL ENGINE	ER				
	Engineer has help der, please identify		the proj	pased disc	harge for e	ompliance with
Name Mulling Address						-
City	State	Zip		Phone		
Signature	1,01215	Certificate N	Ve.	11000	Date	
A check payable	to the State Wate	r Resources Cor ubmitted.	stroi Bos	ard in the	amount of	\$400 (ar
XIII. FEES A check payable appropriate cur	to the State Wate rent fee) must be s	r Resources Cor submitted.	strol Bos	ard in the	amount of	\$400 (ar
A check payable	rent fee) must be i	r Resources Cor submitted.	utroi Bos	ard in the	amount of	\$460 (ar
A check payable appropriate cur XIV. CERTIFII I bereby certify in any attachme agree to clasely	CATION  under penalty of puts is true and accumulator and step our art will be imme	perjury that the curaic to the best	informa t of my k	tion provis mowiedge.	led in this By signin	application and ig this NOI, I Seneral Permit.
A check payable appropriate cur XIV. CERTIFIC I bereby certify in any attachest agree to closely The Regional B	CATION  under penalty of positive in true and accommonitor and stop- oard will be imme	perjury that the curate to the best the discharge if diately notified o	informa t of my k there is a of any vi-	tion provis mowiedge.	ded in this By signin on of the C threatene	application and ig this NOI, I Seneral Permit.
A check payable appropriate cur XIV. CERTIFII I hereby certify in any attachese agree to closely The Regional B General Permit	CATION  under penalty of puts is true and accumonitor and step coard will be immetractor/Operator	perjury that the curate to the best the discharge if idiately notified o	informac t of my k there is a of any vi-	tion provid mowledge. any violation, or	ded in this By signin on of the C threatene	application and ig this NOI, I Seneral Permit.

### **RWQCB Permits – Major Elements**



- □ Permit Provisions
- ☐ Waste Discharge Requirements
  - Discharge Prohibitions
  - Effluent Limitations
  - Receiving Water Limitations
- Monitoring and Reporting Program

### **RWQCB NPDES Permits**

Waste Discharge Requirements (Appendix D: RWQCB 5, Page 5)



### **Discharge Prohibitions:**

#### A. Discharge Prohibitions:

- Discharge of wastewater other than that described in the Findings is prohibited. The
  wastewater shall be free of all other pollutants. The wastewater shall not cause or threaten
  to cause pollution, contamination, or nuisance.
- 2. Discharge of contaminated ground water is prohibited.
- The by-pass or overflow of wastes to surface waters is prohibited, except as allowed by the attached Standard Provisions and Reporting Requirements A. 13.

- Identify types of effluents or pollutants that are prohibited under the permit.
- May reference a Basin Plan for prohibitions or other discharge limitations.

### **RWQCB NPDES Permits**

Effluent Limitations:

Waste Discharge Requirements (Appendix D: RWQCB 5, Page 6)



#### **Effluent Limitations:**

Effluent shall not exceed the following limits: Monthly Weekly Daily Average Maximum Average Constituents Units BOD' 10 15 mg/l15 Total Suspended 10 mg/I Specific Limits Solids Settleable Solids 0.1 m1/1 Constituents Identified 5-day, 20°C biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) Identified Effluent discharged into a surface water body shall not contain chlorine in excess of 0.02 mg/l (instantaneous maximum). If the wastewater contains chlorine in excess of 0.02 mg/l, the Discharger shall certify that chlorine will be reduced to a maximum of 0.02 mg/l before wastes enter surface water. Effluent discharged into a surface water body shall not have a pH less than 6.5 nor greater than 8.5. The average dry weather (May through October) discharge flow shall not exceed 0.25 MGD unless the discharge is four months or less in duration in which case there is no flow limit.

Identifies "numeric" and "narrative" requirements for the effluent prior to discharge.

Waste Discharge Requirements (Appendix D: RWQCB 5, Page 6)



#### **Receiving Water Limitations:**

Specific

Identified

Constituents

#### D. Receiving Water Limitations:

Receiving Water Limitations are based upon water quality objectives contained in the Basin Plan. As such, they are a required part of this permit. The discharge shall not cause the following in the receiving water:

- Concentrations of dissolved oxygen to fall below 7.0 mg/l.
- Oils, greases, waxes, or other materials to form a visible film or coating in the water surface or on the stream bottom.
- Oils, greases, waxes, floating material (liquids, solids, foams, and scums) or suspendematerial to create a nuisance or adversely affect beneficial uses.
- 4. Aesthetically undesirable discoloration.
- 5. Fungi, slimes, or other objectionable growths.
- 6. The turbidity to increase as follows:
  - More than 1 Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTUs) where natural turbidity is between 0 and 5 NTUs.
  - More than 20 percent where natural turbidity is between 5 and 50 NTUs
  - More than 10 NTUs where natural turbidity is between 50 and 100 NTUs.
  - More than 10 percent where natural turbidity is greater than 100 NTUs.

Limits Identified

☐ Identifies "narrative" and "numeric" limitations on changes to the receiving water.

Permit Provisions (Appendix D: RWQCB 5, Page 8)



#### Provisions:

#### F. Provisions:

- 1. Dischargers currently covered by Order No. 93-230 are automatically granted coverage under this Order for a period of 90-days following adoption, during which time the Discharger may file a Notice of Intent (NOI) for coverage under this Order. Coverage under this Order is terminated after the 90-day period unless a new NOI has been submitted. The Discharger must comply with all conditions of this Order, including timely submittal of technical and monitoring reports as directed by the Executive Officer. Violations may result in enforcement action, including Regional Board or court orders requiring corrective action or imposing civil monetary liability, or in revocation of authorization to discharge under this Order.
- 2. Individual owners of the real property at which the discharge will occur are ultimately responsible for ensuring compliance with these requirements. Individuals and companies responsible for site operations retain primary responsibility for compliance with these requirements, including day-to-day operations and monitoring. Enforcement actions will be taken against landowners in the event that enforcement actions against site operators are ineffective or would be futile, or that enforcement is necessary to protect public health or the environment.
- A copy of this Order shall be kept at the discharge facility for reference by operating personnel. Key operating and site management personnel shall be familiar with its contents.
- ☐ Identify the scope and general requirements of the permit.

Monitoring and Reporting Program (Appendix D: RWQCB 5, Att. C)



### **Monitoring Specifications for Effluent:**

Units identify the reporting limit required for the constituent.

#### DISCHARGES FOUR MONTHS OR LESS IN DURATION

The following effluent monitoring program is required if the discharge is four months or less in duration. Effluent samples shall be collected downstream from the last connection through which wastes can be admitted into the outfall. Effluent samples should be representative of the volume and quality of the discharge. Time of collection of samples shall be recorded. Effluent monitoring shall include at least the following:

Constituents	Units	Type of Sample	Sampling
			Frequency
20°C BOD5	mg/l	Grab	Twice monthly
Suspended Solids	mg/l	Grab	Twice monthly
Settleable Solids	ml/l	Grab	Twice monthly1
pH	pH Units	Grab	Twice monthly1

A post-discharge report shall be submitted after each discharge. The report shall include:

- Any variations from the Notice of Intent.
- Did the discharge result in any discoloration or turbidity in the receiving water? Please
  explain upstream and downstream conditions identified in the following Receiving
  Water Monitoring Section.
- Identify any violations of the General Order. Please explain.
- 4. Please explain any corrective actions taken to comply with the General Order.
- 5. Did the discharge cause any complaints?
- ☐ Identify <u>what</u>, <u>when</u> and <u>how</u> often water quality testing is to be conducted.

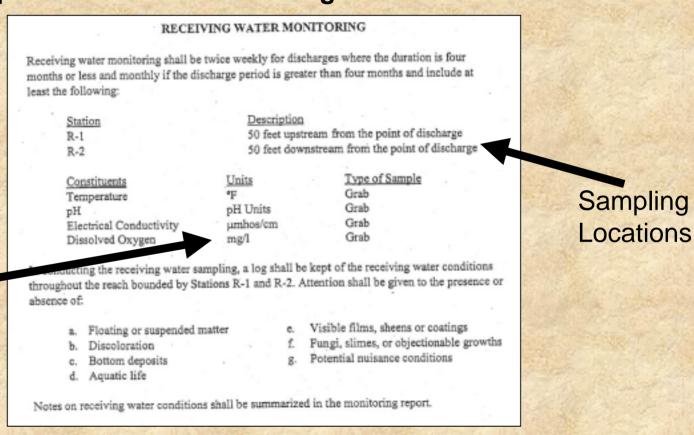
Sampling Frequency

Units

Monitoring and Reporting Program (Appendix D: RWQCB 5, Att. C)



#### **Monitoring Specifications for Receiving Water:**



□ Identify <u>what</u>, <u>when</u> and <u>how</u> often water quality testing is to be conducted.

Monitoring and Reporting Program (Appendix D: RWQCB 5, Att. C)



#### **Reporting Specifications:**

#### M. REPORTING FREQUENCY

Monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Regional Board in accordance with the following schedule:

REPORTING FREQUENCY	REPORT PERIOD	REPORT DUE
Monthly	January*, February March, April, May June, July, August September, October November, December	By the 30th day of the following month*.
Quarterly	January - March April - June July - September October - December	April 30 July 30 October 30 January 30
Semiannual	January - June	July 30
Annual	July - December January - December	January 30 January 30

<sup>\*</sup> Note: The monthly report for January is due no later than February 28.

☐ Identify <u>what</u>, <u>when</u> and <u>how</u> monitoring results are to be submitted to the RWQCB.

### How to Assure Compliance of Monitoring Program



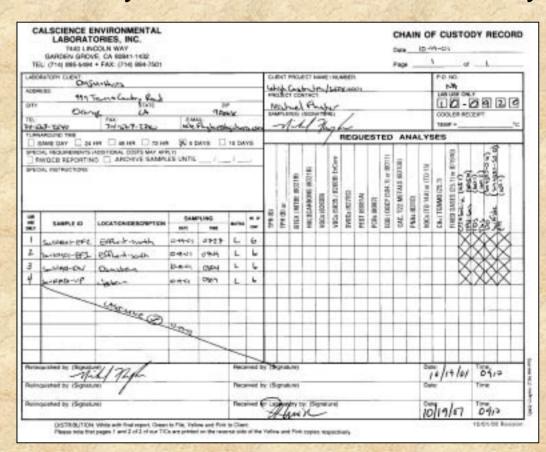
- A written program describing sampling and analysis methods
- Trained personnel collecting samples and interpreting results
- Samples collected at the appropriate intervals/locations
- Documentation of sample collection
- Certified laboratory analyzing samples
- Detection limits (specified in the permit) are below sample results
- Reports submitted timely to the RWQCB
- Corrections to BMPs based on analytical results



### Sample Tracking



- Chain-of-Custody Form is required for valid results
- Documents sample custody from collection to laboratory:
  - Date/time
  - Personnel
  - Turn-around time
  - Signatures



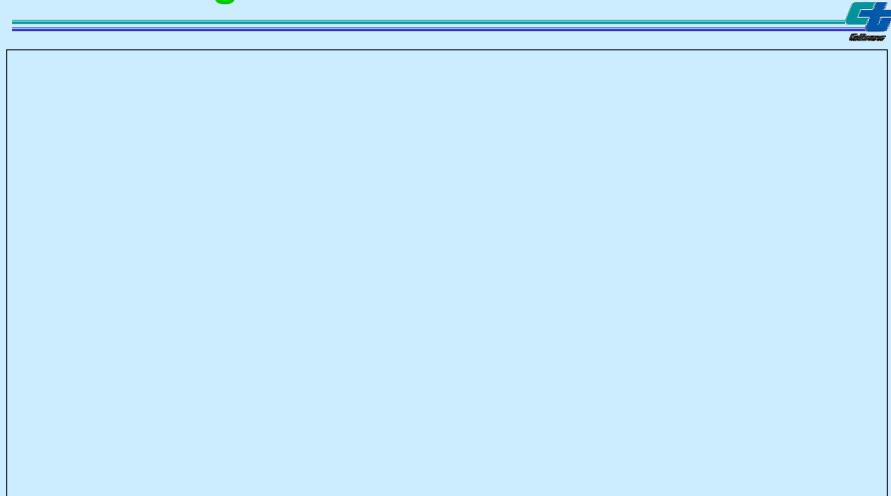
# Team Competition #8: Dewatering Under a RWQCB Permit

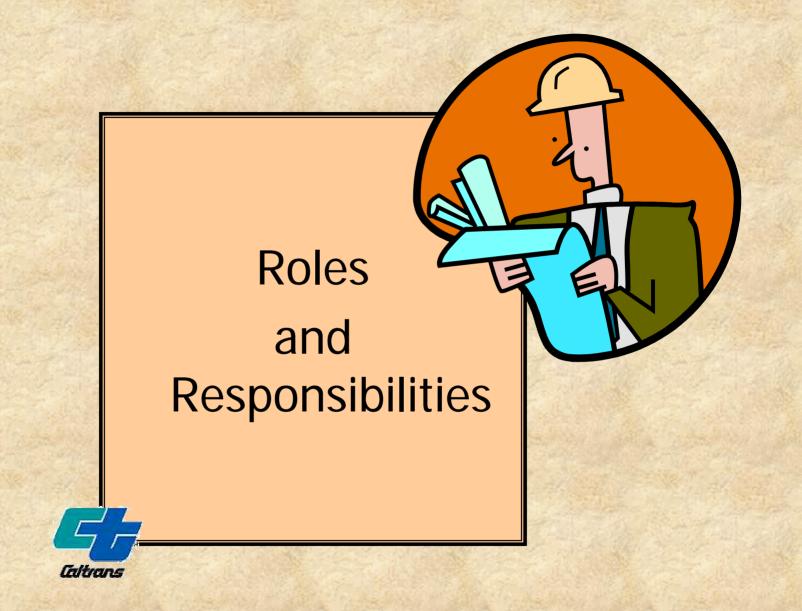


Define the following terms: WDID, WDA, WDR In a RWQCB NPDES permit, limitations are generally specified for the dewatering effluent and what else?

**Answer**: The receiving water

# Team Competition #8: Dewatering Under a RWQCB Permit





# What are the Contractor's Responsibilities for a Dewatering Operation?



- Conduct the dewatering operation
- Select the means and methods to perform the operation unless otherwise specified in the contract documents
- Comply with the contract documents

# What are the Department's Responsibilities for Managing the Dewatering Operation?

- □ Ensure that the contractor is in compliance with NPDES permit requirements.
- On Caltrans funded sites, the Department is responsible for obtaining the NPDES permits needed.
- □ Encroachment Permit Projects, the Department is responsible for assuring compliance with Caltrans requirements within Caltrans right of way.

### Sources of Information



- Contract Documents
- Contractor's SWPPP
- NPDES Permits
- Geotechnical Reports
- ☐ Field Guide to Construction Site Dewatering
- Construction Storm Water Coordinator
- Construction Site BMPs Manual
- Construction Storm Water Quality Bulletins

# Sources of Information (Cont.)



- NPDES Permits for Dewatering
  - Caltrans Statewide
  - RWQCB Local
- Other Federal/State/Local Permits:
  - 401
  - 404
  - 1601
  - California Fish & Game
  - U.S. Fish & Wildlife
  - Bureau of Land Management (BLM)

# Contract Documents Standard Specifications: Section 7-1.01



☐ "Laws to be Observed"

"The Contractor shall keep fully informed of all existing and future State and Federal laws and county and municipal ordinances and regulations which in any manner affect those engaged or employed in the work, or the materials used in the work, or which in any way affect the conduct of the work, and of all orders and decrees of bodies or tribunals having any jurisdiction or authority over the same."

# **Contract Documents Standard Specifications: Section 19-3**



"Structure Excavation and Backfill"

19-3.01 Description

"Structure excavation shall consist of excavation for the construction of foundations for structures; excavation of trenches for the construction of culverts, pipes, rods, deadmen, cutoff walls and other facilities; other excavation designated on the plans or in these specifications or in the special provisions as structure excavation; the control and removal of water and the construction or installation of cofferdams and other facilities as necessary to accomplish construction of the work; and the subsequent removal of those facilities, except when the facilities are required or permitted by the plans and specifications to remain in place."

# Contract Documents Standard Specifications: Section 19-3 (Cont.)

☐ 19-3.04 Water Control and Foundation Treatment

"The methods to be used to control and remove water at excavations.....shall be at the option of the Contractor...."

"When ...footing concrete, culverts or other structures are to rest on an excavated surface other than rock, the following shall apply:

... If groundwater is encountered during excavation...dewatering shall be commenced and shall proceed in advance of or concurrently with further excavation."

# Contract Documents Standard Specifications: Section 19-3 (Cont.)

EF States

☐ 19-3.08 Payment

(6th Paragraph)

"Full compensation for controlling and removing water from excavations and for furnishing and installing or constructing all cofferdams and all other facilities necessary to the operations (except concrete seal courses when shown on the plans) and their subsequent removal, if required by the Engineer, shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for structure excavation or the contract price paid for the item of work requiring the excavation when the excavation is not paid for separately."

# Standard Special Provisions Section 10 Water Pollution Control (7/02)

- St
- □ Separate provisions for SWPPP and WPCP projects
- ☐ Governs storm water and non-storm water discharges
- ☐ Identifies the RWQCB with jurisdiction over the project
- □ Identifies NPDES permits that apply to SWPPP projects:
  - Caltrans Statewide NPDES Permit
  - Statewide General Construction NPDES Permit
  - Region-specific NPDES Permit
- Identifies contract remedies for contractor noncompliance
- □ Refer to contract documents for your project to determine the provisions that apply to your project

# Construction Site BMPs Manual 2002 Revision



- □ NS-2Dewatering Operations
- □ SC-2Sediment/Desilting Basin
- □ SC-3Sediment Trap



# NS-2 Dewatering Operations BMP Revisions for 2002



- ☐ Incorporates essential elements of today's class and the "Field Guide to Construction Site Dewatering"
- Includes the Dewatering Operations Management Flow Chart
- Describes types and application of sediment treatment technologies
  - Category 1: Constructed Settling Technologies
  - Category 2: Mobile Settling Technologies
  - Category 3: Basic Filtration Techniques
  - Category 4: Advanced Filtration Technologies

# Storm Water Bulletin: Vol. 5, No. 10: **Dewatering Under Caltrans Permit**





#### Construction Dewatering Operations - Dewatering Under the Caltrans Permit

their buffed in compliance the car ice on managing construction deviagating operations. This bulletin reviews manimenents for developments the honors and/or the National Published Discharge (Designation Boston (NFDES) Statewish Stoom Water Formit and Kinne Discharge Regaterments for the State of California, Dispuritured of Numerories (Categor Permit No. CASSOCIATE.

#### What Dewatering is Allowed?

Each of the one Regressel Water Quality Control Beards ORWOCING regulates developing discharges or more desire or corfuer nature a little its Region, Generally, and district and man

- + The mater is being discharged to a storm drainage system or a method water.
- \* The project is in NWQCH Regions 3 1, 8, 7, and 8 as follows: through 9 and the discharge secolus soledy of accomplated one initiative CR. the project is in EWQCB Region 3. 5. 7, or Pand to a qualifying discharge of NAME AND ADDRESS OF
- Sublecest control and other appropriate Non-Management Practices (1960b) are pendenced as the mape in discharged.

#### Dewatering Accumulated Precipitation

Discharging accumulated precipitation to a storm digits or surface water is allowed ander the Californi Prescit in ESVQCB Regions I through A. To qualify, the discharge receiconstitute solicity of accomplished provinces inand committee combleted with groundwater or any other type of non-stores water. The water meet also be free of pollutants other than occliment.

(fran Francisco Ray), concurrence of the RWQCB is required prior to discharge of

French, or the RWQCH may require a expense discharge incest.



#### Non-Storm Water Discharges

Non-matte water discharges include groundwater. water from coffendams or diversions, more name continued with more storm water, and develoring discharges under the California and amountain instead water soul during Foreit are allowed when all of the following communicon that must be renewed from a work.

> Discharges of non-stone want are afferred under the Catterns Permit only in EWOCE Regions

- In Region I Chemal Court, Region I Chemal. Valley's, and Rugion TelColorado River Basing. a discharge qualifier if it has a volume of less than 250,000 pullines per sky and it of has then four months duration.
- In Rygion 9 (for Diego), an expellered discharge of groundwater with a volume of brocken 190,900 gallons per day is allowed to the storm drain or to a surface water schor vitan San Diopo Bur.

#### The Discharge Doesn't Quality

If the developing discharge does not qualify For discharge under the Cultons Foretis, contact the RWOCK for publishers. The RWOCK may manifest suppose Consept or site-specific Percel. Ricker to che May 2001 hullotia for most: Information

#### It Qualifies - Now What?

In Region 1 (North Count) and Region 2 . If the charlergs qualifies so all assure, the contractor mass implement BMP NN-7. Devakeing Operations, to resure compliant wromshoot provipisative under the Calmen. With the Calment Person. Details of the BMP

an contained in the Communion No. 45M's Manage, which requires the following:

- · Solimon Treasurer II the name is excited. chain. It can be disclosized without progress. Who was in or visibly that softened control BIMPs mast be implemented.
- Monitoring and Maintenance: The devaluring operation must be monitored and maleral and to ensure that redirects controls are functional and that erestim is prevented at the outfall.
- Record Kooping: All records related to monitoring and maintenance of the descripting operation must be keep with the Storm Water Perfection Properties Plan **CINITY) or Wast Polistics Count** Program (WPCF).



#### Dewatering Field Guide

The Calman Field Gook or Construction Die Anwayring providende Besiden Deplete with specific ourse immediate. He recognises devotating spendions on the construction site. All supers of Seventring are abbrough. from the salestim of an appropriate documenting management arrive to ensuring compliance with APRIES parent requirements for operations, registreeses, and reporting.

The Field Guide is cornerly available at high how a dist caught beginned as a facilities and bond.

DMIMIHARRIS

### Websites



- ☐ Caltrans HQ Construction Storm Water Website: www. dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/stormwater
- ☐ Caltrans HQ Environmental Storm Water Website: www.dot.ca.gov/hq/env/stormwater



# Who is Liable for Non-compliance?



- ☐ The NPDES <u>permittee</u> is liable for noncompliance with permit requirements.
- Who is the permittee on all Caltrans construction projects?

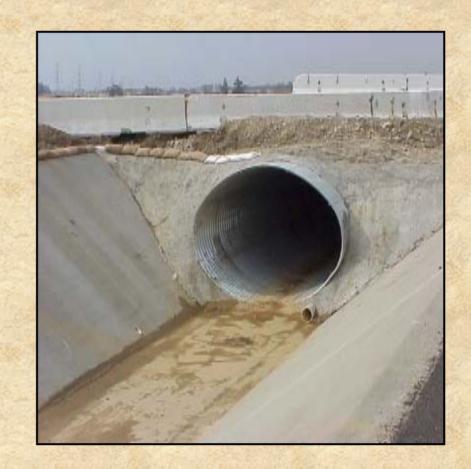
# Caltrans!

Project records must be retained for 3 years during which time the records are available for regulatory review.

# What is Non-Compliance?



- Discharging untreated "polluted" water off-site without a permit or agreement.
- ☐ Violating the terms of a permit or agreement.
- ☐ Violating Caltrans water quality management policies, procedures, or BMPs.



# What Do You Do if Non-Compliant?



- ☐ Stop or correct the noncompliant situation.
- □ Retrieve "pollution" if possible.
- □ Send Notice of Discharge, SWPPP Attachment K, (if appropriate) to the RWQCB if discharge occurred.
- ☐ Assure future compliance.

Attachment K Notice of Discharge, Written Notice, or Order				
<ul> <li>This form will used to report instances of be submitted to the Resident Engineer wif discharge, written notice or orders from a</li> </ul>	hin 7 days of the assessment of			
To: Name of Cultures Resident Engineer	Dwe: Jaset Den			
Surject Nation of Discharge				
Project Name: Javett Project Name				
Calirani Contraci Number: contract number				
In occurbance with the Cultimax NPDES Statewide Per with Construction Autilyity, the following lestence of d	mit for Suren Water Dischargen Associate incharge is robed:			
Date, time, and location of discharge Inset description and date of event				
Nature of the operation that caused the discha- lasest description of operation	rge			
Initial assessment of any impact cause by the insert assessment	discharge			
Existing BMP(s) in place prior to discharge evi List HMPs in place	sert			
Date of death and a set of DMD of the	d after the discharge.			
Dete of deployment and type of BMPs deploye BMPs deployed after the discharge (with dates)				

# Caltrans Contract Remedies for Noncompliance



- □ Discharge any subcontractor or person employed by the contractor who Caltrans deems to be incompetent or who acts in a disorderly or improper manner (Standard Specifications, Section 5-1.12).
- Immediately suspend any work that would exacerbate the noncompliance or interfere with or prevent the contractor's efforts to correct the deficiency (Standard Specifications, Section 8-1.05).

# Caltrans Contract Remedies for Noncompliance (Cont.)



- □ Per Special Provision 10-1, "Water Pollution Control" (07/02):
  - Retain an amount equal to 25 percent of the estimated value of the contract work performed during the first estimate period that the contractor fails to conform to the Water Pollution Control special provision of the contract.
  - Hold the Contractor responsible for penalties assessed or levied on the Contractor or Caltrans as a result of the Contractor's failure to comply with the Water Pollution Control special provision of the contract.

# Penalties for Violations of NPDES Permit Conditions



### ■ NPDES Statewide Construction Permit:

"Any person who violates any permit condition of this General Permit is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$27,500 per calendar day of such violation, as well as any other appropriate sanction provided by Section 309 of the CWA."

## What is the Penalty for Noncompliance?



- Some Recent Regulatory Agency Actions and Fines
  - March 2001 \$32,010
     RWQCB 8 (Santa Ana Region) fined the City of Garden Grove for violating the RWQCB General Dewatering Permit for (1) discharging polluted groundwater to the storm drain, (2) failing to sample the discharge, and for (3) not notifying the RWCBQ prior to discharge.
  - April 2002 \$78,000
     RWQCB 9 (San Diego Region) fined Promenade, Inc. for exceeding dewatering effluent limitations of RWQCB General Permit CAG919002 for Total Suspended Solids (TSS), cyanide, pH, copper, zinc, and toxicity.

# Communicating with the RWQCB



- □ Communications with the RWQCB occur when:
  - RWQCB staff inspect your site
  - You contact the RWQCB for guidance on dewatering
  - You respond to questions from RWQCB staff regarding dewatering activities on your project

# Communicating with the RWQCB (Cont.)

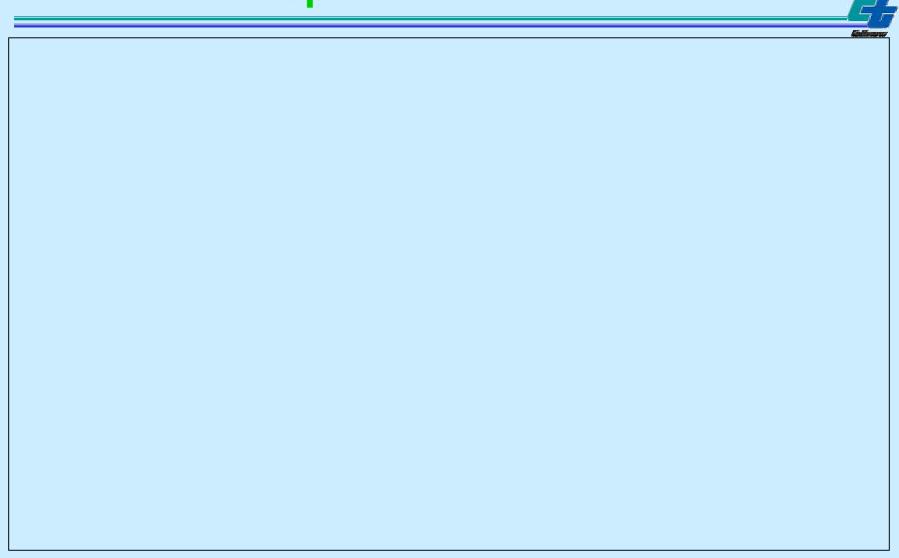


- ☐ Use the opportunity to develop partnerships and a positive rapport with RWQCB staff
  - Introduce yourself, your role, and your responsibilities
  - Remain calm and attentive.
  - Do not be argumentative.
  - Do not be afraid to ask questions, but RWQCB staff will expect a certain degree of knowledge.
  - Be honest and direct.
  - Do not avoid the issue at hand or make excuses.

# **Team Competition #9: Roles and Responsibilities**



# **Team Competition #9: Roles and Responsibilities**



# Sediment Treatment Options

(Field Guide: Appendix B)



# **Key Consideration – Site Condition**



- ☐ Evaluate site to determine:
  - If slope or accessibility limit treatment selection
  - Most effective system layout
  - Access to treatment area
  - Dewatering effluent storage size and location
  - Pumping/piping system needed
  - Backwash system
  - Low-impact discharge system and location
  - Power availability
- Request vendor assistance with design, setup and operation

## **Key Consideration – Site Condition**

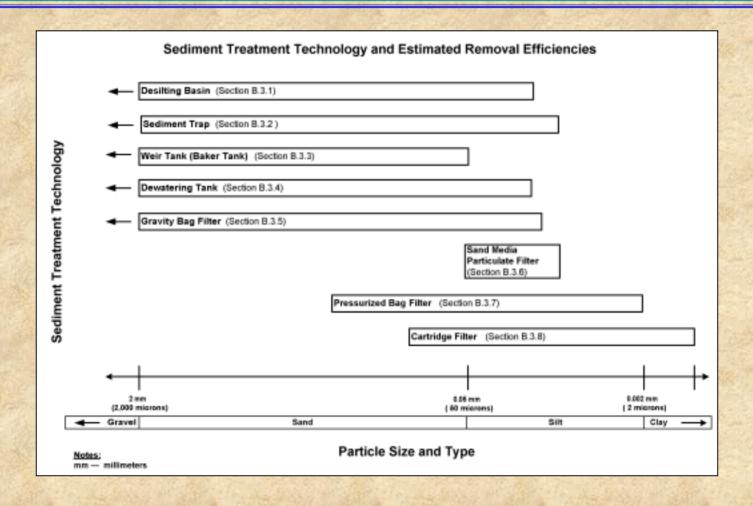


 Example of effective dewatering treatment solution within a limited area (roadway median)



## Particle Size vs. Sediment Treatment Selection (FG: Page B-3)





<sup>\*</sup>Section numbers refer to Field Guide to Construction Site Dewatering.

#### **Key Consideration – Effluent Flow Rate**



- □ Refer to manufacturer's specifications to identify appropriate options
  - Flow rate capacity vs. sediment removal size
  - Maximum flow rates
- May require multiple parallel systems to treat anticipated flow rate

#### Desilting/Sediment Basin (SC-2) (Page B-6)



- ☐ Temporary basin with a controlled release structure
- □ Effective for removal of trash, large to some fine-sized particles, and some metals (attached to sediment)
- ☐ Holds large volumes of sediment
- Retention allows sediment and and trash to settle out of effluent before discharge
- Dewatering guide provides a guide to sizing basin



## Sediment Trap (SC-3) (Page B-8)



- □ Temporary basin formed by excavation and/or construction of embankment
- Effective for removal of large and medium-sized particles
- Located across a waterway or low drainage area
- Constructed either independently, or in conjunction with a temporary diversion dike
- Dewatering guide provides a guide to sizing trap

#### Weir Tank (FG: Page B-10)



- Appropriate for preliminary level of treatment
- Weirs to separate water and trash, sediment, oil/grease
- Multiple tanks can be used in parallel
- ☐ Flow rate 60 -100 gpm
- Maximize the distance water travels inside tank and minimize water turbulence
- □ Tanks can hold large volume of solids before cleaning required
- No filter cloth or media required



#### Dewatering Tank (FG: Page B-12)



- □ Tank has one large chamber.
- ☐ Filter fabric lines bottom of tank.
- ☐ Effluent flows into top of tank, passes through a fabric filter, and discharges through the bottom.
- Removes trash, sediment, some oils and metals



#### Gravity Bag Filter (FG: Page B-13)



- □ Also known as a "dewatering bag"
- Square or rectangular bag made of non-woven geotextile fabric that collects sand, silt, and fine particles
- Water is pumped in one end and seeps out of sides and

bottom

- May require a secondary barrier to capture escaping sediments; e.g. rock filter bed or straw bale barrier
- ☐ Effective for removing larger particles.



#### Sand Media Particulate Filter (FG: Page B-15)





- Appropriate for a secondary or higher level of treatment to remove fine particles
- Requires backwashing-water and power source
- Removes trash, sediment, metals
- Reduces biological oxygen demand (BOD) and turbidity

#### Pressurized Bag Filter (FG: Page B-17)







- Uses polyester felt filter bags to remove trash, sediment, metals, BOD, and turbidity.
- Oil absorbent bags are available to remove hydrocarbons.
- Water filters through unit and discharges through a header, allowing for flow in series to an additional treatment unit.
- Units may be combined with cartridge filters to provide enhanced treatment.

### Cartridge Filter (FG: Page B-19)



- Provides secondary or higher (polishing) level of treatment after significant amount of sediments and other pollutants have been removed.
- ☐ Effective for removing fine sediments.
- Water flows from outside cartridge to inside.
- Large assortment of individual filter cartridges are available.
- Highly portable with very small footprint.

## **Other Treatment Systems**



☐ Flow rate is key...



#### Maintenance Considerations for Sediment Treatment Selection



- Maintenance is necessary for effective sediment removal.
- Requirements vary by technology
  - <u>Desilting/Sediment Basin</u> (SC-2) and <u>Sediment Trap</u> (SC-3) – Maintain per BMP; remove sediment when 1/3 full.
  - Weir (Baker) Tank and Dewatering Tank

     Remove sediment when indicated by visual inspection or when flow is reduced.

## Maintenance Considerations for Sediment Treatment Selection (Cont.)

- ☐ Requirements vary by technology (cont.):
  - Gravity Bag Filter Replace bag when flow is reduced or is no longer removing sediment.
  - Sand Media Particulate Filter Monthly service to check level and add sand media.
  - Pressurized Bag Filter and Cartridge Filter— Replace filter bag when pressure differential exceeds manufacturer's specs.

#### Cost vs. Sediment Treatment Selection



- ☐ Typical costs to set up and maintain systems may include:
  - Equipment rental fees (one or more systems)
  - Transportation costs
  - Installation/construction costs
  - Operation costs
  - Maintenance costs
  - Waste disposal costs
  - Ancillary costs (power, water, etc.)



## **Putting it all Together**



- Section B.3 of the Field Guide provides additional information about these sediment treatment technologies.
- ☐ Table B-1 summarizes and compares information for various technologies.

## **Table B-1: Comparison of Treatment Options**

(FG: Page B-5)



Sediment Treatment Technology	Pollutant Removal	Flow Range (gpm)	Footprint Area (ft2)	Product Availability	Construction/ Rental Cost	Maintenance Cost
Desilting Basin	Trash & sediment	25-500	Varies by design	Time to construct	\$108 per m2 (\$10/ft2)	-
Sediment Trap	Trash & sediment	25-500	Varies by design	Time to construct	\$108 per m2 (\$10/ft2)	#
Weir Tank (Baker Tank)	Trash, sediment, metals & some oil/grease	60-100	1,800	2-3 days; 1 week modified	\$35-\$45 per day	\$1,000 per disposal
Dewatering Tank	Trash, sediment, some oils and metals	Varies	1,200-1,500	1-3 days	\$45-\$60 per day	\$125-\$425 fabric replacement
Gravity Bag Filter	Sediment and metals	300 & 800	100-400	1 day	\$100-\$200 per bag; \$500-\$2,000 per barrier	Bag replacement
Sand Media Filter	Trash, sediment, metals, BOD, and Turbidity	80-1,000 (varies by model)	17-450	1-2 days	1,100-\$4,000 per month; \$500-\$1,500 setup	\$50-\$100 per month
Pressurized Bag Filter	Trash, sediment, metals, BOD, turbidity, and Hydrocarbons	50-100 (varies by model)	200-320	1-2 days	\$850-\$3,400 per month; \$150-\$500 setup	\$300-\$1,250 per month
Cartridge Filter	Trash, sediments, metals, BOD, turbidity & Hydrocarbon	50–1,000	200	1-2 days	\$800-\$3,000 per month; \$1,500 setup	\$1,000-\$5,000 per month

Note:

This information is based on general manufacturers.

### **Sediment Treatment Equipment Vendors**

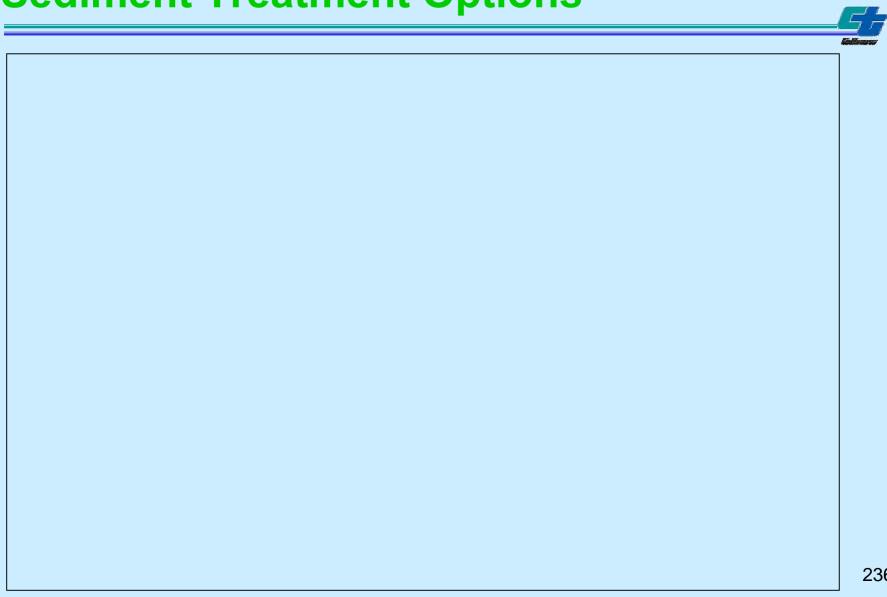


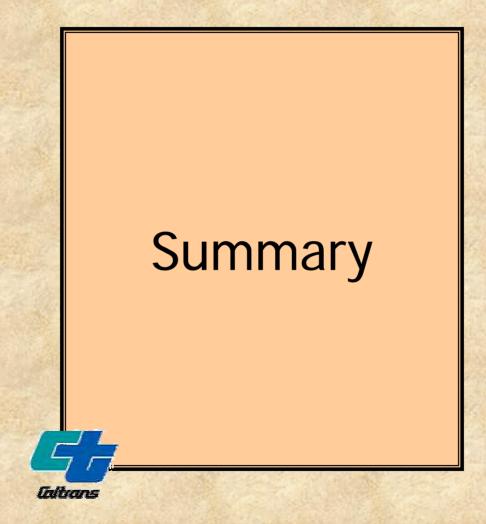
Vendor/Supplier	Products Available	
Rain for Rent 1-661-387-6111 Mike Chase www.rainforrent.com	Weir tank Dewatering tank Pressurized bag filter Sand media filter Cartridge filter	
Clear Creek Systems, Inc. 1-661-324-9634 Joe Gannon www.clearcreeksystems.com	Dewatering tank ("mud buggy") Pressurized bag filter Sand media filter Cartridge filter	
Baker Tanks 1-800-BAKER 12 www.bakertanks.com	Weir tank Dewatering tank	
Dandy Products 1-800-591-2284 www.acfenvironmental.com	Gravity (dewatering) bag filter	

## **Team Competition #10: Sediment Treatment Options**



### **Team Competition #10: Sediment Treatment Options**





## Using the Field Guide to Construction Site Dewatering



- ☐ Flow Charts identify appropriate management options.
- Appendix A contains RWQCB maps and contact information.
- Appendix B presents sediment treatment information.
- Appendix C contains water quality assessment forms.
- Appendix D (separate binder) contains copies of the RWQCB Permits that regulate dewatering.

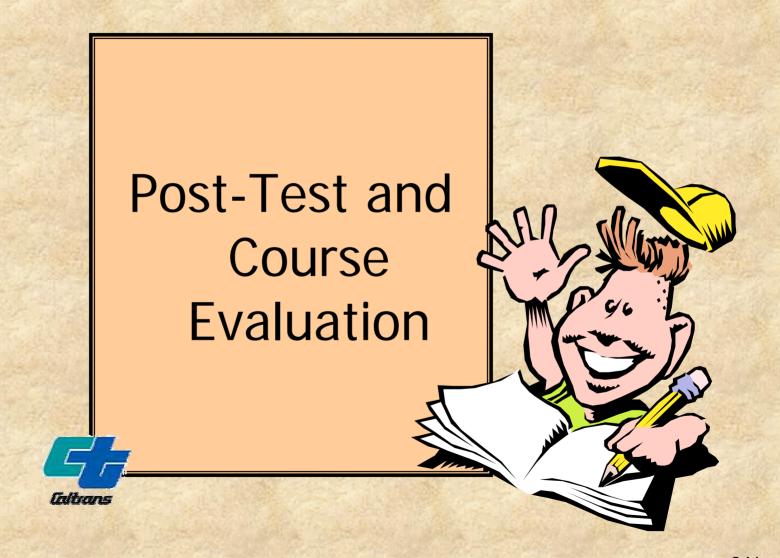
# Parting Thoughts...How to Manage Construction Site Dewatering Operations

- Plan Ahead
  - Will your project require dewatering after rainstorms?
  - Will you have excavations that may require groundwater dewatering?
- If so, contact your CSWC at the beginning of the job or NOW and identify the requirements and develop a plan of action.

## Wrap-Up - What You Learned



- □ Learning Outcomes You should now be able to:
  - Determine if a dewatering operation is required
  - Determine if additional permits are required
  - Determine the Contractor's roles and responsibilities
  - Determine the Department's roles and responsibilities
  - Determine if the Contractor is in compliance with applicable permits
  - Estimate quantities of dewatering discharges
  - Determine the appropriateness of various dewatering technologies



### Post-Test: And the Answer is ...



1.	Is a dewatering operation required?		
	Answer:		
2.	Is a dewatering operation required?		
	Answer:		
3.	Is a RWQCB permit required?		
	Answer:		



4.	Are there options for dewatering without an RWQCB permit?			
	Answer:			
5.	Which Caltrans doc describes dewatering?  Answer:			
6.	Who will the RWQCB fine?  Answer:			



7.	Who determines the means and methods to comply with a RWQCB permit?			
	Answer:			
8.	Who determines if a contractor is complying with the RWQCB permit?			
	Answer:			
9.	Does operation comply with Caltrans permit?  Answer:			

Answer:



10.	Can Contractor pump to the storm drain?
	Answer:
11.	Which is not a factor for calculating discharge parameters?
	Answer:
12.	How many gallons per day will be discharged?



13. Is sole use of desilting basin appropriate?



14. Which option is appropriate for treating suspended clay sediment?

Answer:		
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#### **QUESTIONS?**

Contact your CSWC or the

Storm Water Task Force:

(714) 567-2588

(714) 567 - 2431

www.SWPPPQuestions.com



